

**AGREEMENT OF AUGUST 1, 2012 between PRODUCER and
International Alliance of Theatrical Stage Employees and
Moving Picture Technicians, Artists and Allied Crafts
of the United States, its Territories and Canada and
STUDIO ELECTRICAL LIGHTING TECHNICIANS,
LOCAL #728**

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CONDITIONS**

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**AGREEMENT OF AUGUST 1, 2012
BETWEEN PRODUCER AND I.A.T.S.E. & M.P.T.A.A.C.
AND LOCAL #728 THEREOF**

THIS AGREEMENT, executed as of August 1, 2012 between the International Alliance of Theatrical Stage Employees and Moving Picture Technicians, Artists and Allied Crafts of the United States, its Territories and Canada (hereinafter referred to as the “IATSE”) and the

**STUDIO ELECTRICAL LIGHTING TECHNICIANS,
LOCAL #728**

(hereinafter referred to as the “Local Union”) of the International Alliance of Theatrical Stage Employees and Moving Picture Technicians, Artists and Allied Crafts of the United States, its Territories and Canada (both hereinafter referred to as the “Union”) and the following companies, separately and respectively:

THE ALLIANCE OF MOTION PICTURE & TELEVISION PRODUCERS, ON BEHALF OF THE COMPANIES LISTED ON EXHIBIT “A” ATTACHED HERETO AND THOSE PRODUCERS WHICH HAVE EFFECTIVELY CONSENTED, IN WRITING, TO BE A PART OF THE SINGLE MULTI-EMPLOYER BARGAINING UNIT, (each hereinafter respectively referred to as the “Producer” and collectively referred to as the “Producers”), ON THE OTHER HAND.

In consideration of the mutual agreements herein contained, the parties hereto agree as follows:

ARTICLE 1. Scope of Agreement

This Agreement is made subject to the “Producer I.A.T.S.E. and M.P.T.A.A.C. Basic Agreement of 2012.”

This Agreement shall be applicable to the classifications of employees listed in the “Wage Scales, Hours of Employment and Working Conditions” set forth herein, employed by Producer to perform services in the County of Los Angeles, or hired by the Producer in the County of Los Angeles to perform services outside the said County, but within the limits of the United States, its territories and Canada.

In the event the Producer elects to and does employ a person in the County of Los Angeles, California to perform work outside the limits of the United States, its territories and Canada in any of the job

classifications covered hereunder, then the provisions of this Agreement shall apply to such person. However, such person and Producer may make any other agreement to apply to such employment, such as a “flat deal” contract, in the place and stead of the provisions of this Agreement, provided such other agreement requires not less than seventy-five (75) hours per week in pension and health contributions to be made on behalf of such person (which amount may be prorated for partial workweeks).

The term “employee,” as hereinafter used, shall be deemed to mean an employee subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement.

ARTICLE 2. Recognition

The Producer recognizes the International Alliance of Theatrical Stage Employees and Moving Picture Technicians, Artists and Allied Crafts of the United States, its Territories and Canada as the exclusive collective bargaining representative of all employees employed by Producer in the classifications listed in this Agreement. The Union makes this Agreement on behalf of such employees, the majority of whom the Union warrants are members of the Union in good standing.

The Local Union represents that the terms of this Agreement have been submitted to its membership and have been duly approved thereby.

ARTICLE 3. Union Security

(a) (1) Each and every employee subject to this Agreement hired by the Producer to perform services in the County of Los Angeles, or hired by the Producer in the County of Los Angeles to perform services outside said County, shall be and remain a member in good standing of the Union on and after the date he is placed on the Industry Experience Roster or on the thirtieth day following his first day of employment or the effective date of this Agreement, whichever is the later. The foregoing requirements of union membership as a condition of employment shall be subject to the obligations of the parties under the law.

(2) As defined and applied in this Article 3(a), the term “member of the Union in good standing” means a person who offers to pay (and, if the Union accepts the offer, pays) Union initiation fees and dues as financial obligations in accordance with the requirements of the National Labor Relations Act.

(b) Within a reasonable time, but not to exceed three (3) days after receipt of written notice from the IATSE and/or the Local Union that any such then-employed employee is not a member as above required, and that such employee has been so notified in writing prior to such notice to Producer, the Producer shall discharge any such employee who fails to remedy such default within said three (3) days after Producer receives such notice. The Producer shall not be in default unless it fails to act, if necessary, within said time after receipt of such notice.

(c) Producer agrees to inform the Local Union of the name, residence address, social security number and date of employment of any employee subject to this Agreement on the day following such employee's first day of employment (excluding Saturdays, Sundays and holidays).

(d) In case of repeal or amendment of the Labor Management Relations Act of 1947, or in case of new legislation rendering permissible any union security to the Union greater than those specified in this Paragraph of this Agreement, then and in such event, such provisions shall automatically be deemed substituted in lieu thereof. In such event, and if permissible under law, the Union agrees to supply adequate, competent and qualified employees for the job requirements of the Producers in the crafts and classifications covered by this Agreement, and if the Union fails to do so, the Producer may secure such employees from any source.

ARTICLE 4. Wage Scales, Hours of Employment and Working Conditions

Wage scales, hours of employment and working conditions shall be as set forth in the "Wage Scales, Hours of Employment and Working Conditions" herein.

ARTICLE 5. Better Conditions

Nothing in this Agreement shall prevent any individual from negotiating and obtaining from the Producer better conditions and terms of employment than those herein provided. Provided also, that the Producer, at its discretion, with or without Union consultation, may give any individual better conditions and terms than those herein provided.

Producer will notify the Union of the fact that it has executed any written personal service contract with any person subject to this Agreement, and will certify that such personal service contract conforms, at least, to the terms and conditions of this Agreement and that an extra copy of such contract has been furnished to the employee.

No such granting to any individual of better conditions and terms, if any, shall in any manner affect the conditions and terms herein provided, nor shall it be considered, in any manner, as a precedent for granting better conditions and terms than those herein provided to any other individuals or job.

ARTICLE 6. Authority of Union and Producer

The Union and the Producer each agrees that it will not maintain nor adopt any Articles or By-laws or any rules or orders which will be in conflict with this Agreement.

ARTICLE 7. Grievance and Arbitration Procedure

In the event of any dispute between the Local Union or any of the persons subject to this Agreement and the Producer with regard to wage scales, hours of employment or working conditions or with regard to the interpretation of this Agreement concerning such provisions, the procedure, unless otherwise specifically provided herein, shall be as follows:

Step One - The aggrieved party shall mail or deliver to the other party a written notice of the claim and concurrently furnish a copy of such notice to the International Representative of the IATSE and Contract Services Administration Trust Fund. Such written notice shall contain the specific contract sections which are alleged to have been violated, the date(s) or approximate date(s) of the alleged violation(s), the facts on which the grievance is based, the name of the production (if any), the remedy sought and the names of the individuals aggrieved, when known, except for group claims for which the classifications of the individuals aggrieved, when known, shall be listed. The party which has received the grievance shall, within fifteen (15) working days after the grievance has been received, respond in writing to the aggrieved party, setting forth the reasons, if any, for the action(s) taken by it, which action(s) gave rise to the grievance. Copies of such written response shall also be furnished to the same parties served with the grievance. The representative of the Local Union and the designated representative of Producer shall immediately discuss the matter and the grievance shall

be settled if at all possible. The decision, if any, of such representatives shall be final and binding upon the parties and any employees concerned.

A claim by the Local Union that the confirmation set forth in the second paragraph of Paragraph 6(a) of this Agreement has been violated by a Producer may be filed only upon the written approval of the West Coast office of the International Union. Such written approval shall accompany the claim.

If the party receiving the grievance fails to serve the written response as required by Step One, then the other party may elect to proceed directly to arbitration or to Step Two by serving a written demand upon the other party within five (5) working days after the written response was due.

Conciliation Committee

Step Two - If, within ten (10) working days after the response has been served, the parties fail to meet, or if the grievance is not settled, then the aggrieved party may proceed to Step Two, by delivering or mailing, within five (5) working days thereafter, a written demand, which shall include a statement of the particulars of the claim, upon the other party and upon the International Representative of the IATSE and CSATF. If neither party requests a Step Two conciliation meeting, then the aggrieved party may proceed directly to Step Three regarding expedited or regular arbitration, by serving a written demand upon the other party within the time periods set forth above. Failure of the aggrieved party to so serve such demand for a Step Two conciliation meeting or an arbitration shall constitute a waiver of the claim, unless the parties mutually stipulate otherwise in Step One.

If a demand for Step Two is so served, the grievance shall be brought before the Conciliation Committee as soon as practicable, but not later than twenty (20) working days following the receipt of such notice. The Conciliation Committee shall consist of an International Representative of the IATSE and a representative of CSATF.

The parties to the grievance shall be present and shall be responsible for the presentation of their own position at such time and place. If the aggrieved party fails to appear, then the grievance shall be considered as waived. If the responding party fails to appear, then the aggrieved party shall be entitled to proceed with the presentation of its position, and the Conciliation Committee, upon presentation of evidence showing a contract violation, shall have the authority to and shall issue

an immediate final and binding award in favor of the aggrieved party, including an appropriate remedy.

If either party intends to appear, but does not intend to present any facts or arguments as to a defense or as to the claim, then such party shall so notify the other party as to such intention at least three (3) days prior to the conciliation meeting. In any event, either party may, at least three (3) days prior to the date of the Conciliation Committee meeting, cancel such Conciliation Committee meeting and the aggrieved party may proceed directly to arbitration under Step Three.

The AMPTP and the IATSE shall adopt written rules and procedures which shall be designed to foster to the maximum extent possible the exploratory and conciliatory nature of Step Two of this procedure.

The Conciliation Committee shall, at the beginning of the meeting, assist the parties in a good faith attempt to resolve the dispute. In the event the parties, identified as the Producer and the Union, are able to resolve the grievance with the assistance of the Conciliation Committee, the Conciliation Committee shall reduce the resolution of the grievance to writing as a binding determination on all parties. Such a determination shall be signed by the parties.

If the dispute is not resolved as provided above, then both parties at that time must declare whether they will be bound by a decision of the Conciliation Committee. If both parties agree to be bound, then the Conciliation Committee shall hear the evidence and arguments of the parties and shall render a decision, which may include a “no decision” award, which shall be final and binding on all the parties, including any individual grievant. Disputes involving jurisdiction or technological changes shall be specifically excluded from the jurisdiction of the Conciliation Committee.

The Conciliation Committee shall have the right, upon written request of either party, to refer the dispute back to the parties, without prejudice to the merits and without expanding the time limits for the filing of a grievance or a response, if the Conciliation Committee is of the opinion that either the written grievance or response does not meet the requirements set forth in Step One.

Step Three - If the parties do not agree that the Conciliation Committee’s recommendation will be final and binding on them or if the parties fail to resolve the grievance, or if the Conciliation Committee has issued a “no decision” award, then the parties may proceed to expedited arbitration or regular arbitration as provided below:

(a) Expedited Arbitration - The aggrieved party may elect to proceed to expedited arbitration within ten (10) working days following the Step Two meeting if no agreement has been reached by the parties, or within ten (10) working days following the cancellation of the Step Two meeting, but only in cases wherein the claim arises under Paragraph 68 involving disputes relating to the failure to follow studio seniority or industry seniority, and disputes arising under Paragraph 68 covering the discharge or discipline for cause of an employee subject to Paragraph 68 of the applicable West Coast Studio Local Agreements, or in cases wherein the claim for wage payments, adjustments and/or damages consistent with the contract does not exceed fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000). The aggrieved party may likewise proceed to expedited arbitration following Step Two over disputes with regard to only “WAGE SCALES, HOURS OF EMPLOYMENT, AND WORKING CONDITIONS” provision of the Agreement subject to this Article and provided the claim for damages does not exceed fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000). Any other case may be submitted to expedited arbitration only by the mutual agreement of the parties.

Disputes involving jurisdiction or technological changes shall be specifically excluded from the jurisdiction of expedited arbitration.

Except as time limits are set forth in Paragraph 68, cases that are submitted to expedited arbitration shall be heard within ten (10) working days after the other party received the demand for expedited arbitration or within ten (10) working days after the other party gives notice of its agreement to proceed to expedited arbitration in cases in which the mutual agreement of the parties is required.

The Alliance of Motion Picture & Television Producers and the IATSE shall revise the list of arbitrators assigned to hear expedited arbitrations. The list shall consist of four (4) arbitrators and one (1) alternate with recognized experience as professional labor arbitrators as members of the standing panel of neutral arbitrators.

During the term of this Agreement, the parties may mutually add the names of additional persons to the panel of neutral arbitrators to either supplement the panel or replace persons no longer available to serve.

From the panel of names of the neutral arbitrators set forth above, the arbitrators shall be assigned, depending upon their availability, in rotation, to the cases as they arise. The parties may, by mutual consent, select an arbitrator out of rotation provided that notice of their selection is given to CSATF prior to the appointment of the arbitrator next in rotation.

The expedited arbitration hearing shall be presided over by a neutral arbitrator assigned from the panel of neutral arbitrators. The IATSE and CSATF shall schedule the grievances to be heard in order of receipt. The grievances must be heard by the assigned arbitrator unless that individual becomes unavailable, in which instance the next arbitrator in the rotation shall hear the grievance. If either party intends to be represented by outside counsel at the expedited arbitration hearing, then such party must notify the opposing party within two (2) working days after the hearing date for the expedited arbitration has been determined. The parties, who may be represented by outside counsel, will not file post-hearing briefs, but may, prior to or during the hearing, present a written statement of the facts. If either party so desires, a stenographic record may be made and that party shall pay for the transcript. In such cases, the transcript shall be solely for the use of the party requesting it and shall not be used to delay a decision in the matter. The two preceding sentences shall not apply to roster placement nor roster removal arbitrations, for which no stenographic record shall be made. The neutral arbitrator shall have sole authority to rule on all motions and decide the case.

The writing of an opinion will be at the discretion of the neutral arbitrator. The decision of the arbitrator, which shall be issued orally and confirmed in writing if requested by either party at the conclusion of the hearing, or in writing within three (3) days from the conclusion of the hearing (the choice being at the sole discretion of the arbitrator) shall be final and binding upon the parties and any employees concerned. The neutral arbitrator shall have the power to determine only the specific grievance or dispute and, when appropriate, award wage adjustments or damages consistent with the contract, in an amount not to exceed fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000), but shall not have the power to amend, modify or effect a change in any of the provisions of this Agreement, nor to determine jurisdictional or technological change disputes. The decision of the neutral arbitrator shall be non-precedential and his decision and/or opinion, if any, shall not be offered or admitted into evidence in any other proceeding other than: (1) a judicial action seeking confirmation, correction or vacation of said decision; or (2) a grievance or arbitration proceeding involving the same Producer and Local Union.

Fees and expenses of the arbitrator shall be borne equally by the parties to the dispute. All other costs shall be borne by the party incurring the same.

The bills of the arbitrator, together with a completed information form, shall be sent by the arbitrator to the IATSE and the Producer involved in the expedited arbitration with copies to CSATF.

The information form shall be jointly prepared by the IATSE and CSATF.

The neutral arbitrator shall proceed to hear a dispute properly before him under this provision of expedited arbitration, notwithstanding the fact that a similar case may be pending in a regular arbitration.

(b) Regular Arbitration - The aggrieved party may elect to proceed to regular arbitration within ten (10) working days following the Step Two meeting if no agreement has been reached by the parties or within ten (10) working days following the cancellation of the Step Two meeting.

The IATSE and the Producers agree to establish a panel of individuals with recognized experience as professional labor arbitrators as members of a standing panel of neutral arbitrators. The panel shall comprise an odd number of arbitrators.

If demand is served for regular arbitration, then the parties shall select a sole arbitrator to hear and determine the grievance by mutual agreement. If the parties cannot agree to the arbitrator to be appointed, then each party shall have the right to alternately strike an arbitrator's name from the panel until such time as one arbitrator is left and the remaining arbitrator shall be selected and appointed as the arbitrator in the proceedings.

The parties shall select the arbitrator within five (5) working days after the demand for regular arbitration has been served. The parties may, by mutual agreement, select the arbitrator outside of the panel of neutral arbitrators or utilize the list of arbitrators obtained from the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service.

Such hearing shall be held within fourteen (14) days after the arbitrator is selected, at such time and place as the arbitrator shall determine. If the arbitrator so selected is unable or unwilling to undertake the arbitration within the time limit herein provided, another arbitrator shall be selected from such list. The decision of the arbitrator shall be rendered in writing, stating his reasons for the award, within thirty (30) days after the submission of the grievance for decision. The arbitrator's decision shall be final and binding upon the parties thereto and upon any employees concerned. The arbitrator shall have the power to determine the specific grievance or dispute, but shall not have the power to amend, modify or effect a change in any of the provisions of the Agreement, nor to determine jurisdictional disputes.

Fees and expenses of the arbitrator and cost of a court reporter and original transcript, when jointly requested, shall be borne equally by the parties to the dispute; otherwise, the party making such request shall pay for it. All other costs shall be borne by the party incurring same.

(c) Claims - Any claims for the payment of wages or severance pay, not presented under Step One within three hundred sixty-five (365) consecutive days after the employee is entitled to such wages or severance pay, shall be deemed to be waived. Any dispute as to the correct amount of payment of holiday or vacation pay, not presented under Step One within three hundred sixty-five (365) consecutive days after March 15 of the calendar year next following the calendar year in which such holiday or vacation pay, as the case may be, was earned, shall be deemed to be waived.

Any other claim or grievance not presented under Step One, within (i) sixty (60) calendar days after the occurrence of the subject matter of the grievance or (ii) within sixty (60) calendar days after the employee or the Union has had a reasonable opportunity to become aware of the occurrence, whichever of (i) or (ii) is the later (but in any event not to exceed three hundred sixty-five (365) calendar days after the occurrence), shall be deemed to be waived. Time on distant location shall not be included in this period.

For the purpose of this Article, “aggrieved party” shall mean the Producer or the Union acting on its own behalf or on the behalf of an employee covered by this Agreement.

(d) In General - The time periods provided for herein may be extended by mutual written consent of the parties.

(e) Scheduling - In scheduling any grievance in Step Two or Step Three, preference shall be given to any grievance involving the discharge of an employee or a grievance involving the Industry Experience Roster.

(f) Disciplinary Memos - Disciplinary memos issued to an employee are admissible evidence in a grievance and/or arbitration proceeding. However, such disciplinary memoranda, other than those resulting in a suspension or discharge, issued more than two (2) years prior to the incident or events giving rise to said grievance shall not be admissible.

(g) An arbitration award issued in either expedited or regular arbitration proceedings or a final and binding award rendered in Step

Two of the grievance procedure which requires the payment of a specific sum of money shall be paid within thirty (30) days of the date of the award. If payment is not made within said period, interest shall accrue on the sum(s) due from the date of the award at the rate of one percent (1%) per month.

If a calculation is required to determine the specific amount(s) due under the award, the Producer shall calculate such amount(s) and shall notify the other party of the specific sum(s) due within sixty (60) days of the date of the award. If such calculation is not made or if notice is not given as required, interest shall accrue on the sum(s) due from the date of the award at a rate of one percent (1%) per month. If, after calculation, the parties disagree on the sum(s) due, or if the amount(s) due and owing under the award cannot be calculated within the sixty-day period as a result of factors beyond the control of the Producer, then no interest shall accrue upon the sum(s) due.

ARTICLE 8. Conflict With Laws

In the event that any provisions of this Agreement relating to the amounts and payment of wages or other financial benefits are affected by any legislation, decision of a court of competent jurisdiction or governmental regulation in such manner so that such wages or other financial benefits would be increased over, or decreased under, the amount intended to be paid by the parties hereto at the time of the execution of this Agreement, then each of the parties hereto agrees that upon written notice from the other party setting forth the provisions to be negotiated, they will renegotiate for modification of such provisions so that such provisions will conform to such legislation, decision of a court of competent jurisdiction or governmental regulation, as the case may be, and will provide, as nearly as possible, for payment of wages or other financial benefits in the amount intended to be paid by the parties hereto at the time of the execution hereof.

If the parties are unable to arrive at an agreement within thirty (30) days after delivery of such notice, then such provisions in question shall be immediately submitted to an Arbitration Committee composed of one member designated by the Producer, one member by the Union and an Impartial Chairman, to be selected by such other two (2) members within ten (10) days following such thirty-day period provided above. This Arbitration Committee shall promptly proceed to hear and settle such matter. The authority of this Arbitration Committee to decide shall be limited solely to determining the appropriate modifications of such provisions so that such provisions will conform to such legislation, decision of a court of competent jurisdiction or governmental regulation,

as the case may be, and will provide, as nearly as possible, for the payment of wages and other financial benefits in the amount intended to be paid by the parties at the time of execution of this Agreement.

The terms and conditions of such appropriate modifications, if any, by the said Arbitration Committee, shall be effective and operative as of the date on which the provisions, so modified accordingly, were so affected by any such legislation, decision of a court of competent jurisdiction or governmental regulation, as the case may be, in such manner and to the extent as above described and provided. The amounts and payments of wages or other financial benefits contained in such appropriate modifications, if any, made by such Arbitration Committee, shall be computed and paid thereunder retroactive to the effective date of such modifications. In the event that no such modifications can be made, as above provided, because of any legislation, decision of a court of competent jurisdiction or governmental regulation, Producer shall not be liable for any retroactive back pay adjustments, or any other penalty, if any such modification is thereafter permissible. The decision of the said Arbitration Committee shall be final and shall not be subject to the Grievance and Arbitration Procedure in Article 7 above, but its authority to decide shall be limited to the issue and remedy herein provided. The above procedure and conditions shall be the exclusive remedy for determining any dispute arising under this Article 8.

Upon written notice by such Arbitration Committee to the respective parties hereto, the modification of such provisions as determined by said Committee, as above provided, shall automatically become a part of this Agreement. Fees and expenses of the Impartial Chairman shall be borne equally by the Union and the Producer.

ARTICLE 9. Term of Agreement

The term of this Agreement shall be for a period commencing with August 1, 2012 and extending to and including July 31, 2015.

Either party may, by written notice (certified mail) to the other served on or before May 1, 2015, request renegotiation of the "Wage Scales, Hours of Employment and Working Conditions" of this Agreement. Such notice shall set forth in detail the proposals or recommendations of the party serving said notice of request for renegotiation. If such notice is served, the parties agree to commence negotiations within thirty (30) days after May 1, 2015 concerning the proposals or recommendations set forth in such notice and to continue negotiations diligently and in good faith on such proposals or recommendations which are submitted in such negotiations.

ARTICLE 10. Interpretation

Unless otherwise specifically defined herein, terms shall be given common meaning in the motion picture industry.

This Agreement hereby terminates and replaces the previous Agreement between the parties hereto entitled “Agreement of August 1, 2009 between Producer and I.A.T.S.E. & M.P.T.A.A.C. and Local #728 thereof.”

ARTICLE 11. Gender - Included Meanings

Words used in this Agreement in the masculine gender include the feminine and the neuter.

**WAGE SCALES, HOURS OF EMPLOYMENT AND WORKING
CONDITIONS**

I. STUDIO MINIMUM WAGE SCALES

1. (a) (1) The following studio minimum wage scale shall be effective for the period commencing with July 29, 2012 to and including August 3, 2013.

Studio Electrical Lighting Technicians, Local #728			Studio Minimum Rates			
			Schedule A Daily Employees	Schedule B Weekly Employees ¹		Schedule C (Exempt)
			1½ after 8 and/or 40; Min. Call - 8 hours	Weekly Guarantee - 54 cumulative hours; 5 consecutive days; Minimum Call - 9 hours		Weekly “On Call”
Occ. Code No.	Classification	EDD Code #962 + (Information Only)	Regular Basic Hourly Rate Per Hour	Regular Basic Hourly Rate Per Hour	Weekly Guar. Per Week	Per Week
5400	Gen. Foreman	.362-014				\$2,260.52
5401	Chief Lighting Tech.	.363	\$41.73	\$41.183	\$2,512.17	
5403	Asst. Chief Lighting Tech.	.364	37.87	37.197	2,268.99	
5411	Sub-Foreman		39.24	37.197	2,268.99	
5421	Chief Rigging Technician	.365	39.24	37.197	2,268.99	
5425	Running Repair Technician	.367	37.04			
5431	Special Lighting Technician/ Lighting Board Technician ²	.368	37.04			
5432	Lighting Console Programmer ³		37.04			
5441	Gang Boss		37.04			
5451	Electrical Lighting Tech.	.381	36.26			
5452	Rigging Technician (Off-Production) ⁴	.366	36.26			
5453	Entry Level Technician		31.89			

Footnotes applicable to this Paragraph 1.(a)(1) begin on page 17.

- (2) The following studio minimum wage scale shall be effective for the period commencing with August 4, 2013 to and including August 2, 2014.

Studio Electrical Lighting Technicians, Local #728			Studio Minimum Rates			
			Schedule A Daily Employees	Schedule B Weekly Employees ¹		Schedule C (Exempt)
			1½ after 8 and/or 40; Min. Call - 8 hours	Weekly Guarantee - 54 cumulative hours; 5 consecutive days; Minimum Call - 9 hours		Weekly “On Call”
			Regular Basic Hourly Rate	Regular Basic Hourly Rate	Weekly Guar.	
Occ. Code No.	Classification	EDD Code #962 + (Information Only)	Per Hour	Per Hour	Per Week	Per Week
5400	Gen. Foreman	.362-014				\$2,305.73
5401	Chief Lighting Tech.	.363	\$42.56	\$42.007	\$2,562.41	
5403	Asst. Chief Lighting Tech.	.364	38.63	37.940	2,314.37	
5411	Sub-Foreman		40.02	37.940	2,314.37	
5421	Chief Rigging Technician	.365	40.02	37.940	2,314.37	
5425	Running Repair Technician	.367	37.78			
5431	Special Lighting Technician/ Lighting Board Technician ²	.368	37.78			
5432	Lighting Console Programmer ³		37.78			
5441	Gang Boss		37.78			
5451	Electrical Lighting Tech.	.381	36.99			
5452	Rigging Technician (Off-Production) ⁴	.366	36.99			
5453	Entry Level Technician		32.53			

Footnotes applicable to this Paragraph 1.(a)(2) begin on page 17.

- (3) The following studio minimum wage scale shall be effective for the period commencing with August 3, 2014 to and including July 31, 2015.

Studio Electrical Lighting Technicians, Local #728			Studio Minimum Rates			
			Schedule A Daily Employees	Schedule B Weekly Employees ¹		Schedule C (Exempt)
			1½ after 8 and/or 40; Min. Call - 8 hours	Weekly Guarantee - 54 cumulative hours; 5 consecutive days; Minimum Call - 9 hours		Weekly “On Call”
			Regular Basic Hourly Rate	Regular Basic Hourly Rate	Weekly Guar.	
Occ. Code No.	Classification	EDD Code #962 + (Information Only)	Per Hour	Per Hour	Per Week	Per Week
5400	Gen. Foreman	.362-014				\$2,351.84
5401	Chief Lighting Tech.	.363	\$43.41	\$42.847	\$2,613.66	
5403	Asst. Chief Lighting Tech.	.364	39.40	38.699	2,360.66	
5411	Sub-Foreman		40.82	38.699	2,360.66	
5421	Chief Rigging Technician	.365	40.82	38.699	2,360.66	
5425	Running Repair Technician	.367	38.54			
5431	Special Lighting Technician/ Lighting Board Technician ²	.368	38.54			
5432	Lighting Console Programmer ³		38.54			
5441	Gang Boss		38.54			
5451	Electrical Lighting Tech.	.381	37.73			
5452	Rigging Technician (Off-Production) ⁴	.366	37.73			
5453	Entry Level Technician		33.18			

Footnotes applicable to this Paragraph 1.(a)(3) begin on page 17.

¹ Weekly Employees - Employees under this schedule shall be paid at the scheduled Regular Basic Hourly Rate for the first forty (40) hours of the five-day workweek and not less than one and one-half (1½) times such basic hourly rate of pay for all time over forty (40) hours in such workweek, with a guarantee that the employee shall receive, for regular time and for such overtime as the necessities of the business may demand, a sum not less than the scheduled weekly guarantee for each five-day workweek.

(a) The guaranteed pay of weekly employees who absent themselves without the employer's consent may be reduced one-fifth (1/5) of the weekly guarantee for each day of absence.

(b) A combination of employment under studio and distant location schedules may be used to fulfill the weekly guarantee of five (5) days for studio employment.

² Special Lighting Technician/Lighting Board Technician's Rate will be paid: (1) for fixtures; (2) for lighting still set-ups off shooting set; (3) for gas-driven wind machines, when assigned by Producer to employees hereunder; (4) to all lighting board technicians when such operator is controlling multiple lights on cue, and to spotlight technicians operating any type lamp used as a spotlight; (5) for lightning equipment; (6) to "on production" employees who work four (4) or more hours of the workday in an aerial lift used as a lighting platform, which lift is at a height of at least thirty-five (35) feet; and (7) to technicians engaged in balloon lighting operations.

³ This job classification may be used as an alternative to Occ. Code 5431 at the option of the Producer.

⁴ Completely interchangeable with Occ. Code No. 5451.

(b) (1) "On Call" Employee Work on Recognized Holidays

If an employee hired under the "On Call" schedule is specifically instructed and required by Producer to perform work on a recognized holiday under the direction and control of Producer, he shall be paid an additional one-fifth (1/5) of the "on call" rate in effect for each such day so worked.

(2) "On Call" Employee Work on Six (6) or Seven (7) Days Within the Employee's Workweek

If an employee hired under the "On Call" schedule is specifically instructed and required by Producer to perform work on six

(6) or seven (7) days within the employee's workweek, under the direction and control of the Producer, he shall receive one and one-half times one-fifth (1/5) of the "On Call" weekly rate in effect for the sixth or seventh day(s) so worked.

Such provisions shall apply to employees hired under the "On Call" schedule who, having commenced work on the previous day, continue to work past 1:00 a.m. on such sixth or seventh day in the employee's workweek or recognized holiday, as the case may be, and who worked at least fourteen (14) hours, including meal period, before being dismissed on such sixth or seventh day in the employee's workweek or recognized holiday, as the case may be. In any event, an employee hired under the "On Call" schedule who does not so work past 1:00 a.m. on such sixth or seventh day in the employee's workweek or recognized holiday shall not be deemed to have worked on such day by reason of work between 12:00 a.m. (midnight) and 1:00 a.m. of that day.

(c) Cumulative Weekly Schedule Employee's Workweek Split Between Studio and Distant Location

(1) When a cumulative Weekly Schedule employee works five (5) consecutive days in a combination of studio and distant location employment in the same workweek, such five (5) days shall be computed and paid based on a full workweek under the studio minimum weekly schedule applicable to such employee.

(2) When a cumulative weekly schedule employee works six (6) consecutive days in a combination of studio and distant location employment in the same workweek, with the sixth day worked a distant location day, then the first five (5) days of such workweek shall be computed and paid based on a full workweek under the studio minimum weekly schedule applicable to such employee. If the sixth day worked in an employee's workweek is a distant location day in such a six (6) consecutive day week, such day shall be paid for at straight time based on the Regular Basic Hourly Rate of such employee's weekly schedule, subject to time and one-half after forty (40) hours of work time. The minimum call for the sixth day worked in an employee's workweek is eight (8) hours.

(d) Payment for Sixth Day Worked when Cumulative Weekly Schedule Employee Works Six Days in the Studio or on Nearby Location

When an employee under a cumulative weekly schedule works six (6) days within his workweek in the studio or at a nearby location, compensation for such sixth day worked shall be at the rate of

time and one-half, based on the employee's weekly schedule Regular Basic Hourly Rate. The minimum call is eight (8) hours.

2. Classification and Wage Schedule

Each employee shall be notified at the time of his employment under which classification and wage schedule he is employed. He shall also be notified before any change of classification or wage schedule is effective and such change shall not be retroactive. However, employees may be adjusted retroactively when misclassified. The employee's classification and wage schedule shall be shown on his time card.

3. Payroll Week

The full payroll week shall be from midnight Saturday to midnight Saturday.

4. Fractional Payroll Weeks

(a) The parties confirm that any day worked by a weekly schedule employee in a partial workweek either before or after one (1) full week of employment may be prorated at the rate of one-fifth (1/5) of the studio weekly rate for each studio workday.

(b) This provision is applicable to exempt employees only. The following guarantees shall apply: For work performed on any day other than the sixth or seventh day worked in an employee's workweek (including holidays not worked), employee shall receive one-fifth (1/5) of the weekly rate per day.

II. STUDIO WORKING CONDITIONS

The provisions of this Section II are not applicable to employees hired under the "On Call" schedule nor where otherwise provided.

5. Night Premiums

Work time for "Off Production" employees shall be paid for according to the following schedule:

(a) Employees called to work between 6:00 a.m. and 8:00 p.m. shall receive a ten percent (10%) premium for all time worked between 8:00 p.m. and 6:00 a.m.

(b) Employees called to work between 8:00 p.m. and 4:00 a.m. shall receive a twenty percent (20%) premium for all time worked.

(c) Employees called to work between 4:00 a.m. and 6:00 a.m. shall receive a twenty percent (20%) premium for all time worked until 6:00 a.m., and straight time for the remainder of the minimum call.

6. Minimum Calls

(a) The minimum call is a guarantee of employment for the number of hours of the minimum call indicated in the wage schedules.

The parties hereby confirm the following: The guaranteed length of employment shall be daily or weekly. A guarantee for a longer term shall be specifically set forth in writing. An employee may be replaced following completion of the guaranteed period of employment.

(b) Employees shall hold themselves in readiness to serve the Producer during the period of the minimum call and such additional time as the Producer may require.

(c) Minimum calls for Daily Schedule employees are subject to the provisions of Paragraph 14.

(d) Minimum calls for Weekly Schedule employees are guaranteed for five (5) consecutive days out of seven (7) consecutive days, commencing with the first of such five (5) days worked, including holidays, during the period of employment.

(e) A four (4) hour minimum call shall apply for any day on which an employee, at the request of an individual Producer, reports for safety training. A weekly "on call" employee who reports for safety training shall be paid one-tenth (1/10) of the weekly "on call" rate for each such day.

6.1 Call Sheets

The Companies shall expedite the change of call sheets to refer to "Chief Lighting Technician" and "Assistant Chief Lighting Technician." The AMPTP shall cooperate with the Local Union to ensure that such changes are made.

7. Overtime

(a) All time and one-half, "not less than one and one-half," double time, Golden Hour pay and pay for the sixth or seventh day

worked in the employee's workweek and holidays in excess of the Regular Basic Hourly Rate are paid as overtime compensation and shall not be compounded.

(b) Overtime paid on a daily basis shall be computed at the Regular Basic Hourly Rate in effect when the overtime occurs.

(c) Overtime paid on a weekly basis shall be computed at the mean Regular Basic Hourly Rate.

(d) Night premiums shall be included as a part of the Regular Basic Hourly Rate in computing overtime.

(e) Meal delay penalties (Paragraph 20) and hazardous work allowances (Paragraph 52) shall be included as a part of the Regular Basic Hourly Rate in computing overtime required by the Fair Labor Standards Act.

8. Workweek; Sixth or Seventh Day Worked in an Employee's Workweek

(a) The regular studio workweek shall consist of any five (5) consecutive days out of any seven (7) consecutive days, commencing with the first of such five (5) days. However, the five (5) consecutive day requirement shall not apply upon the commencement of any regularly-scheduled five-day-per-week shift. (For example, on starting a new shift, a schedule that provides for an employee to work on Monday and Tuesday, with Wednesday and Thursday as the regular days off, and is followed by work on Friday through the following Tuesday does not violate the five (5) consecutive days requirement.)

(b) Time and one-half shall be paid for the employee's sixth day of work within a workweek. Double time shall be paid for the employee's seventh day of work within a workweek. If an employee works six (6) or seven (7) days within his workweek, the sixth or seventh day worked shall be subject to Paragraph 5, "Night Premiums." All employees are paid at their scheduled Regular Basic Hourly Rates. The minimum call is eight (8) hours.

In the event that any daily employee who is not on a regularly-scheduled workweek works six (6) days, starting with the first day worked, within a seven (7) consecutive day period, he shall be paid time and one-half for the sixth day worked.

If a weekly employee or a regularly-scheduled, five-day-per-week daily employee is required to work six (6) days in his workweek, the Producer shall make reasonable good faith efforts to schedule the employee to work on six (6) consecutive days. Any unresolved dispute as to whether the Producer has made such reasonable good faith efforts shall be submitted to the International President and the President of the AMPTP for resolution.

(c) Except as provided in this subparagraph, a workday starting on one calendar day and running into the next calendar day shall be credited to the first calendar day. The foregoing rule shall not apply in the following situations: (1) If an “on production” employee’s fifth day of work in a workweek occurs on a Friday and his shift commences after 8:00 p.m. and overlaps into Saturday, he shall be paid time and one-half for the hours worked on Saturday; and (2) an employee whose work shift overlaps into a holiday or from a holiday into the next day shall be paid in accordance with the “Provisions for Holidays Worked” under this Agreement for those hours worked on the calendar holiday.

(d) The guaranteed pay of weekly employees who absent themselves without the Producer’s consent may be reduced one-fifth (1/5) of the weekly guarantee for each day of absence.

(e) (1) In situations involving a change of schedule for regularly-scheduled employees, accommodations will be made, to the extent practicable, to avoid a reduction in the number of workdays for the employee, without requiring the employer to pay premium pay.

(2) The Producer shall give reasonable notice of a change of shift (*e.g.*, from a Monday through Friday shift to a Tuesday through Saturday shift) to regularly-scheduled employees. In the event that the employee would receive fewer than two (2) days off in the workweek as a result of the shift change, the following alternatives shall be available:

(i) As to “off production” employees:

(A) If the Producer and the employee so agree, the employee may work at straight time without having two (2) days off;

(B) The Producer may require employees to take an additional day off (and such scheduling shall not be deemed to constitute a prohibited relay call), thereby avoiding premium pay; or

(C) The Producer must pay the employee time and one-half if it requires the employee to work on the day which would otherwise be the employee’s regularly-scheduled day off.

(ii) As to “on production” employees, once during the production of a motion picture, or in the case of episodic television, once between hiatus periods (*i.e.*, between the commencement or resumption of production and a cessation of principal photography for the series for at least one week), the Producer may shift the workweek for employees working on production without incurring extra costs, by adding one (1) or two (2) days off consecutive with the sixth and/or seventh days off in the prior workweek and/or by shifting a workweek commencing on a Tuesday to a workweek commencing on a Monday, provided that the intervening Sunday is a day off. Otherwise, the Producer must pay the employee appropriate premium pay if it requires the employee to work on the day(s) which would otherwise be the employee’s regularly-scheduled day(s) off.

(iii) In addition to the shift outlined in subparagraph (ii) above, the IATSE agrees that it will not unreasonably deny a request to shift the workweek of production employees without incurring additional costs when a production travels to a new city.

(3) The Producer shall endeavor to make reasonable accommodations for regularly-scheduled employees on payroll who do not wish to change to a new shift that includes Saturday or Sunday as regularly-scheduled workday(s).

(f) The Producer shall not lay off and rehire the same employee within the same workweek for the purpose of avoiding premium pay.

(g) Assignments to regularly-scheduled, five-day-per-week shifts that include Saturday and/or Sunday shall be based upon seniority as required by Paragraph 68. If such positions cannot be filled on the basis of seniority, Producer shall solicit volunteers to work such shifts. In the event of an insufficient number of volunteers to fill such positions, the Producer may hire as provided in this Agreement.

(h) Employees who are not on the payroll of the Producer will not be taken off the roster for refusal to accept calls for work on Saturday and/or Sunday. In other cases, the exceptions to roster removal set forth in Paragraph 68 of this Agreement shall continue to apply.

(i) In the event an employee is absent on a regularly-scheduled workday and offers to work an additional day in such workweek to compensate for the day of absence, and the Producer accepts such offer, such employee shall be paid at straight time for such “make-up” day.

(j) In the event a holiday falls on an employee's regularly-scheduled workday and the employee is not required to work on such holiday, but is required to work on either or both of his regularly-scheduled days off in that workweek, such employee shall be paid time and one-half if he works on one of such regularly-scheduled days off and, in addition, shall be paid double time if he also works on the second of such regularly-scheduled days off.

9. Holidays

(a) Work time on holidays shall be subject to Paragraph 5, "Night Premiums." All employees are paid at their scheduled Regular Basic Hourly Rates. The minimum call for any day other than the sixth or seventh day in an employee's workweek is as specified in Paragraph 1; the minimum call for the sixth day worked in an employee's workweek is eight (8) hours.

An employee shall not be taken off a weekly schedule solely for the purpose of evading the holiday obligation under this Paragraph.

(b) New Year's Day, Presidents' Day (third Monday in February), Good Friday, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, the day after Thanksgiving and Christmas Day shall be recognized as holidays. Martin Luther King's Day shall be added as a holiday if the Producers agree in negotiations with either the Directors Guild of America, the Screen Actors Guild or the Basic Crafts Unions (*i.e.*, I.B.E.W., Local #40; Plumbers, Local #78; Teamsters, Local #399; Laborers, Local #724 and Plasterers, Local #755) to add same as an additional holiday.

If any of the above holidays falls on a Saturday, the preceding Friday shall be considered the holiday and if a holiday falls on Sunday, the following Monday shall be considered the holiday, except that on distant location, Saturday holidays will be recognized on Saturday.

(c) Provisions for Holidays Not Worked

(1) Daily Employees

Effective in the period January 1, 2012 to and including December 31, 2012, in the period January 1, 2013 to and including December 31, 2013 and in the period January 1, 2014 to and including December 31, 2014, a Daily Schedule employee shall receive 3.719% of his annual straight work time earnings, including night premiums, as payment for holidays not worked. Pay at straight time only for

unworked holidays paid to Daily Schedule employees during distant location employment shall be offset against such employee's annual holiday compensation, computed as above.

(2) Employees temporarily employed under a daily schedule pending transfer to a cumulative weekly schedule at the beginning of the next full payroll week, and such employees temporarily employed under a daily schedule following transfer from a cumulative weekly schedule pending completion of assignment shall be paid an allowance for each holiday not worked in the regular studio workweek only during such daily schedule employment as follows:

(i) For studio employment, such employee shall receive one-fifth (1/5) of the weekly schedule guarantee.

(ii) For distant location employment, employee shall receive one-sixth (1/6) of the weekly schedule guarantee.

(3) Weekly Employees

Employee shall receive work time credit for each holiday not worked in an amount equal to the minimum call specified in the schedule under which employee is employed. Said amount shall be paid as compensation for readiness to perform services even though no actual work is required.

(d) Provisions for Holidays Worked

(1) Daily Employees shall receive double the Regular Basic Hourly Rate.

(2) As to Weekly Employees, hours worked shall be included as work time. In addition, employee shall receive pay at the Regular Basic Hourly Rate for the number of hours worked.

(e) The total amount of salary paid in the period January 1, 2012 to and including December 31, 2012, in the period January 1, 2013 to and including December 31, 2013 and in the period January 1, 2014 to and including December 31, 2014 to a Weekly Schedule employee hereunder for recognized holidays not worked shall be offset against an amount equal to 3.719% of such employee's accumulated weekly schedule earnings within the same period. The employee shall be paid the amount by which such 3.719% computation exceeds the amount of holiday pay such employee has received for such period for holidays not worked.

The foregoing shall be subject to the following provisions:

(1) “Weekly schedule of pay,” in the case of a Weekly Schedule employee with a basic hourly rate and a specified number of hours in the workweek, shall be deemed to mean the scheduled pay for such specified hours only. A day’s holiday pay for such schedule shall be considered as one-fifth (1/5) of such weekly schedule rate of pay for studio workweeks, and one-sixth (1/6) of such weekly schedule rate of pay for distant location workweeks.

(2) “Weekly schedule of pay,” in the case of an employee hired under the “On Call” schedule, shall be deemed to mean the pay rate specified in the wage scale, plus overscale payment, if any. A day’s holiday pay for such schedule shall be considered as one-fifth (1/5) of such weekly schedule rate of pay, plus overscale payment, if any, for studio workweeks, and one-sixth (1/6) of such rate of pay for distant location workweeks.

(3) Vacation pay, severance pay and premium pay for holidays actually worked shall be excluded from the applicable percentage computation required under this subparagraph (e) above.

(4) The applicable percentage computation described under this subparagraph (e) above shall not be applicable to any employee hereunder for any calendar year in which he is paid for nine (9) recognized holidays not worked.

(f) Presentation of Claim For Holiday and/or Vacation Pay

(1) Producers that currently pay for vacations and/or holidays on a weekly basis shall continue to adhere to their existing practice. Producers that currently make vacation and/or holiday payments pursuant to subparagraph (f)(2) below may instead elect on a production-by-production basis to pay on a weekly basis.

(2) Producers that currently pay for vacations and/or holidays at the end of the calendar year shall elect one of the following procedures for employees on layoff and for employees on payroll:

(i) With respect to employees on layoff:

(A) On or after March 15 of the year following the calendar year in which vacation and/or holiday pay was earned, the Producer shall either:

(1) mail or deliver to such employee his vacation and/or holiday pay; or

(2) notify each such employee that he should claim his vacation and/or holiday pay pursuant to the provisions of this Agreement.

(B) In the event the Producer mails the employee's vacation and/or holiday paycheck and it is returned or if the employee fails, within thirty (30) days following the date of mailing of the notice referred to in subparagraph (f)(2)(i)(A)(2) above, to claim his/her vacation and/or holiday pay, the Producer shall notify the Local Union of the names of those employees who have not claimed vacation and/or holiday pay. In the case of employees whose checks were returned, the Producer shall also forward the returned check(s) to the Local Union.

(C) The Local Union shall endeavor to locate any employee who has not claimed his vacation and/or holiday pay. If it does so, it shall forward to the employee his check or otherwise advise the employee of the department of the Producer to contact to claim such pay.

(D) If the Local Union is unable, within thirty (30) days following the receipt of the notice referred to in subparagraph (f)(2)(i)(B) above, to locate such employee(s), the Local Union shall so advise the Producer and return any unclaimed check(s) to the Producer.

(E) On or about March 15 of the second calendar year following the year in which vacation and/or holiday pay was earned ("the second calendar year"), employees who have not claimed their vacation and/or holiday pay will be notified that unless claimed by July 15 of that year, such pay will be sent to the Motion Picture Industry Pension Plan. On or about May 15 of the second calendar year, Producer will furnish to the Local Union a list showing the names of those employees who have not claimed vacation and/or holiday pay and the amount of vacation and/or holiday pay due to each, together with a notice that unless claimed by July 15, such vacation and/or holiday pay will be sent to the Motion Picture Industry Pension Plan.

(F) On or about July 15 of the second calendar year, unclaimed vacation and/or holiday pay will be contributed to the Motion Picture Industry Pension Plan and credited to the appropriate employee pension plan account. Money so contributed shall not be returned to the employee and shall fully discharge the Producer's and the Local Union's obligations hereunder to the employee with respect to the payment of holiday and/or vacation pay.

(ii) With respect to employees on payroll:

(A) On or after March 15 of the year following the calendar year in which vacation and/or holiday pay was earned, the Producer shall either:

(1) mail or deliver to such employee his vacation and/or holiday pay; or

(2) notify each such employee that he should request holiday pay pursuant to the provisions of this Agreement and schedule his vacation according to this Agreement.

(B) In the event the employee fails to request such holiday pay and/or to schedule his vacation within thirty (30) days after the date of mailing of the notice referred to in subparagraph (f)(2)(ii)(A)(2) above, the Producer shall notify the Local Union of the names of those employees who have not claimed such pay and/or scheduled their vacation.

(C) The Local Union shall, within thirty (30) days after receipt of the notice referred to in subparagraph (f)(2)(ii)(B) above, endeavor to notify the employee and advise him to claim holiday pay and to schedule his vacation.

(D) On or about March 15 of the second calendar year, employees who have not claimed their vacation and/or holiday pay will be notified that unless claimed by July 15 of that year, such pay will be sent to the Motion Picture Industry Pension Plan. On or about May 15 of the second calendar year, Producer will furnish to the Local Union a list showing the names of those employees who have not claimed vacation and/or holiday pay and the amount of vacation and/or holiday pay due to each, together with a notice that unless claimed by July 15, such holiday and/or vacation pay will be sent to the Motion Picture Industry Pension Plan.

(E) On or about July 15 of the second calendar year, unclaimed vacation and/or holiday pay will be contributed to the Motion Picture Industry Pension Plan and credited to the appropriate employee pension plan account. Money so contributed shall not be returned to the employee and shall fully discharge the Producer's and Local Union's obligations hereunder with respect to the payment of vacation and/or holiday pay.

(3) New signatory Producers shall adhere to the practice of paying vacation and holiday pay currently on a weekly basis unless other arrangements are made by them with the IATSE.

10. Call-backs

Rest periods following dismissal shall be eight (8) hours for “Off Production” employees, except that for “Off Production” employees who report for work outside a studio but within the thirty-mile zone, the rest period shall be ten (10) hours; nine (9) hours for “On Production” employees at the studio; ten (10) hours following any day worked within the thirty-mile zone for an employee who reports for work outside a studio but within the thirty-mile zone; nine (9) hours for “On Production” employees on nearby locations; and eight (8) hours for “Off Production” employees on nearby locations.

Intervening time of less than four (4) hours between dismissal and call-back for work shall be work time; intervening time of four (4) or more hours shall not be work time. When intervening time is less than four (4) hours, such time may be applied as part of the “call-back” guarantee. All employees are paid at their scheduled Regular Basic Hourly Rates.

Minimum Guarantees for “Call-backs” During Rest Period Following Dismissal		
Classification	Any Day Other than a Holiday or the Sixth or Seventh Day Worked in an Employee’s Workweek	Sixth or Seventh Day Worked in an Employee’s Workweek and Holidays*
Daily Employees	4 hours at 1½; 1½ thereafter	3 hours at double time; double time thereafter
Weekly Employees	½ minimum call	½ minimum call

*The above “call-back” guarantees for the sixth or seventh day worked in an employee’s workweek and holidays do not apply when employee reports to work on such days within the appropriate rest period following dismissal from work starting on the previous day. In such event, the “call-back” guarantee is the minimum call in hours as specified in Paragraph 1.

By way of clarification, the parties agree that forced calls are triggered by time worked, rather than by time paid.

11. Golden Hour Provisions

(a) (1) All time worked at a studio zone location or nearby location, including a combination of work in the same shift of work between a studio and any of such locations in excess of fourteen (14) consecutive hours (including meal periods) from the time of reporting for work shall be Golden Hours and shall be paid for at the following rates:

Occurring on Any Day Other than a Holiday or the Sixth or Seventh Day Worked in an Employee's Studio Workweek: Two (2) times the scheduled Regular Basic Hourly Rate.

Occurring on the Sixth Day Worked in an Employee's Studio Workweek: Three (3) times the scheduled Regular Basic Hourly Rate.

Occurring on the Seventh Day Worked in an Employee's Studio Workweek or Holiday: Four (4) times the scheduled Regular Basic Hourly Rate.

(2) In a shift of work all of which occurs solely on the premises in a studio, all time worked in excess of twelve (12) consecutive hours (including meal period) from the time of reporting for work shall be Golden Hours and shall be paid at the following rates:

Occurring on Any Day Other than a Holiday or the Sixth or Seventh Day Worked in an Employee's Studio Workweek: Two (2) times the scheduled Regular Basic Hourly Rate.

Occurring on the Sixth Day Worked in an Employee's Studio Workweek: Three (3) times the scheduled Regular Basic Hourly Rate.

Occurring on the Seventh Day Worked in an Employee's Studio Workweek or holiday: Four (4) times the scheduled Regular Basic Hourly Rate.

(3) For "on production" employees only who are employed on television productions and whose shift of work occurs solely on the premises in a studio, or at a studio zone location, or at a nearby location, or at a combination of a studio and a studio zone and/or nearby location, Golden Hours as provided in subparagraphs (1) and (2)

above and in Paragraph 23(b)(2) shall be based on hours worked, rather than elapsed. For example, if such an employee works solely at a studio, all time worked in excess of twelve (12) work hours shall be Golden Hours and shall be paid for in accordance with subparagraph (2) above.

(b) Once an employee is on Golden Hours, all work time thereafter (including meal periods, but excluding interruptions as defined below) shall be paid for at the applicable Golden Hour rate until the employee shall have received a rest period of not less than eight (8) consecutive hours. (Deductible meal periods shall not be included in work time which is to be paid for at the applicable Golden Hour rate for “on production” employees employed on television productions whose shift of work occurs solely on the premises in a studio, at a studio zone location, at a nearby location, or at a combination of a studio and a studio zone and/or nearby location.)

If an employee reaches the Golden Hour rate applicable to the seventh day worked and continues to work past midnight on such seventh day worked, such rate shall apply until the employee is dismissed for a period of four (4) or more consecutive hours. If such dismissal is for four (4) or more hours but less than eight (8) hours, the employee shall revert to the regular weekday Golden Hour rate until he is dismissed for a period of eight (8) consecutive hours.

(c) To determine (1) when Golden Hours begin or (2) the number of Golden Hours to be paid for once Golden Hours have begun, the following provisions shall apply:

WHEN INTERVENING TIME BETWEEN DISMISSAL AND CALL-BACK TO WORK IS LESS THAN FOUR (4) HOURS	WHEN INTERVENING TIME BETWEEN DISMISSAL AND CALL-BACK TO WORK IS BETWEEN FOUR (4) HOURS AND THE END OF THE APPLICABLE REST PERIOD	WHEN INTERVENING TIME BETWEEN DISMISSAL AND CALL-BACK EXCEEDS THE APPLICABLE REST PERIOD
(Work time)	(Interruption)	(Full Rest Period)
Intervening time is work time and is added to previous and subsequent work time.	Intervening time is not work time, but previous and subsequent work time are added together to determine (1) and (2) above.	Intervening time breaks accumulation of hours toward the Golden Hour point and stops Golden Hours if once begun.

(d) No Clause.

(e) Compensation for Golden Hours shall be used only to pay for Golden Hours and shall supersede and replace any other compensation for work time during Golden Hours. However, in the event of a forced call, Golden Hours may be used to fulfill minimum call guarantees on the day(s) of the forced call.

12. Interchange of Job Classifications

(a) Any employee may be required to perform work in any job classification listed in the wage scale (Paragraph 1), subject to the following provisions with respect to the Running Repair Technician classification:

(1) Producer may assign an employee as a Running Repair Technician to serve a particular shooting company, and such employee may work in both the Electrical Lighting Technician and/or Running Repair Technician classifications on that shooting company.

(2) Producer may assign an employee as a Running Repair Technician to service several shooting companies on the same day. In such event, the Running Repair Technician shall not work as an Electrical Lighting Technician on the day he is so assigned.

(3) The assignment of an employee, or the reclassification of an Electrical Lighting Technician, as a Running Repair Technician, to service a shooting company or companies, as above provided (whether in the studio or on nearby location or distant location), shall be made at the discretion of the Producer. If Producer, in its discretion, has made such an assignment for the studio or nearby location, such assignment shall be on a day-to-day basis. If Producer, in its discretion, has so assigned such a Running Repair Technician to so service electrical lighting equipment on a particular distant location, then in such event, as long as Producer employs any Electrical Lighting Technician or Electrical Lighting Technicians to operate lamps on such distant location, one of such Electrical Lighting Technicians, or the last remaining such Electrical Lighting Technician, shall continue to be the person so assigned by Producer as a Running Repair Technician, as above provided, to work as a combination Electrical Lighting Technician and/or Running Repair Technician.

(b) For work time in a classification higher than employee's current classification, the provisions of Paragraph 13 shall apply.

(c) Work time in either a higher or a lower classification shall be credited to fulfill the minimum call of the current classification.

(d) The Producers agree to arrange for a meeting between representatives of the Union and Industrial Relations representatives and production executives of the Producers to more fully discuss the issues involved.

13. Working in Higher Classification

If any part of the workday is worked at a higher classification than the classification under which the employee is called for work, the higher rate shall prevail for the entire workday. The employee reverts to his regular classification the next day unless notified to the contrary. However, the provisions of this Paragraph do not apply unless the employee is assigned to work in the higher classification for two (2) hours or more.

14. Layoff Provisions

This provision applies to "Off Production" employees only.

(a) Any employee not personally notified of his discharge at the end of his shift, who reports for work at his next regular shift, shall be considered as having been called for a minimum call. Shifts commencing on days that would otherwise be the sixth or seventh day

worked in the employee's workweek shall not be considered as regular shifts.

(b) No calls may be cancelled after an employee has been dismissed for the day and has left the studio premises.

14.1 Layoff

This provision applies to "On Production" employees. On production, the Chief Lighting Technician shall be responsible for the supervision of the entire lighting crew and the direction of its activities. The right to employ and terminate employees shall remain with the Producer and with the Unit Production Manager as the Producer's representative.

15. Change and Cancellation of Calls

(a) For "On Production" employees with studio preference of employment status:

(1) Calls may be changed as follows:

(i) Before 8:00 p.m. of the day preceding the call for any day other than the sixth or seventh day worked in the employee's workweek; or

(ii) With six (6) hours notice on the day of the call, provided such notice is given after 7:00 a.m. on the day of the call.

(2) Calls shall not be cancelled after an employee has been dismissed for the day and calls which are given to persons who are not working for the Producer at the time the call is given cannot be cancelled.

(b) For "On Production" and "Off Production" employees, calls for Weekly Schedule employees for the sixth or seventh day worked in the employee's workweek may be cancelled before 8:00 p.m. on the day preceding the day of the call.

(c) For "On Production" extra employees who do not have studio preference of employment status:

(1) Calls shall not be cancelled after an employee has been dismissed for the day.

(2) Calls shall not be changed after 8:00 p.m. of the day preceding the effective day of the call for any day other than the sixth or seventh day worked in the employee's workweek.

(3) Calls which are given to persons who are not working for the Producer at the time the call is given cannot be cancelled.

(d) The employee and the Union shall be notified of layoff and/or work call at the earliest time reasonably possible.

In order to implement this policy, upon the request of any Business Agent, a joint meeting will be arranged with the appropriate Executive, the Labor Relations Manager and the Producer's Department Head to discuss the above policy as applied to the Union.

If, subsequent to such meeting, the Union at any time believes that the notification policy is not being administered properly, it will discuss the matter with the Producer's Labor Relations Manager.

If the Union is not satisfied with the results following its discussion with the Labor Relations Manager, it may refer the matter to the Industry-Union Standing Committee.

(e) If, at the time of a call, the employee called is not on the employer's payroll, such call may not be cancelled. The foregoing shall be applicable whether such employee is an "On Production" or "Off Production" employee.

16. No Clause.

17. Time Cards and Computation of Work Time

(a) The employee's classification and wage schedule, starting and finishing time, deductible meal periods, rate changes and penalties, if any, shall be shown on his time card. Any items changed after time card is approved must be reviewed by the employee.

(b) Work time shall be computed from time ordered to report at department headquarters until dismissed at department headquarters.

(c) The IATSE and an individual Producer may agree to relocate the time clock at a place other than an employee's department headquarters. The IATSE shall not unreasonably deny a request for relocation; provided, however, not more than one such request shall be made during the term of this Agreement. In the event of a dispute as to

relocation of a time clock, the matter shall be submitted to the President of the IATSE and the President of the AMPTP for resolution.

When a designated time clock is established at a place other than an employee's department headquarters, work time shall be computed from the time the employee is ordered to report to the designated time clock location until dismissed at same location. Employees shall be given sufficient time to travel to and from such designated time clock and their department headquarters and work site.

(d) All time shall be computed in one-tenth hour (six minute) periods.

18. Stand-by Calls

There shall be no stand-by or relay calls. Holidays or days that would otherwise constitute the sixth or seventh day worked in the employee's workweek are not considered regular days of work. When an employee is dismissed on the fifth day worked in his workweek with a call for work on the first day of the following workweek, it shall not be considered a relay or stand-by call.

The parties agree that the relay call prohibition shall not apply when an employee is not required to report to work on the day immediately prior to or following a holiday, which day would otherwise be a regularly-scheduled workday. For example, suppose an employee ordinarily works on a Monday through Friday schedule and December 25 (the Christmas holiday) falls on a Thursday. If the employee is not required to report to work on Friday, he may be given a call for the following Monday (December 29). As a further example, suppose the same facts as above except that Christmas falls on a Tuesday. If the employee is not required to work on the preceding Monday (December 24), he may be given a call on the preceding Friday (December 21) to return to work on Wednesday (December 26).

19. Pay-off Requirements

(a) The regular pay day will be on Thursday (holiday weeks excluded). When employee is laid off and requests pay at time of layoff, he shall be paid within twenty-four (24) hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and holidays.

(b) If, due to the fault of the Producer, an employee does not receive wages or salary on a timely basis, the Producer shall, within three (3) days after being so notified by the employee, issue a check in payment of same to the employee.

(c) The Producer agrees to use its best efforts to break down overtime payments on the employee's pay check stub and to show amounts paid as meal penalties.

20. Meal Periods and Meals

Meal period provisions below apply to both "On Production" and "Off Production" employees.

(a) Meal periods shall be not less than one-half ($\frac{1}{2}$) hour nor more than one (1) hour in length. Not more than one (1) meal period shall be deducted from work time for an employee during the minimum call. A second meal period may be deducted from work time for those employees who work in excess of the minimum call. The minimum guarantee of work time after an evening meal shall be one and one-half ($1\frac{1}{2}$) hours. This guarantee does not apply when such meal is supplied at the Producer's expense.

The Producers and the IATSE agree that they will work with the DGA in an effort to ensure that meal periods are called at the contractually-prescribed time for employees working on television motion pictures in a studio.

(b) The employee's first meal period shall commence within six (6) hours following the time of first call for the day; succeeding meal periods for the same employee shall commence within six (6) hours after the end of the preceding meal period. A twelve (12) minute grace period may be called for production efficiency prior to imposition of any meal penalty. Such grace period shall not be scheduled nor automatic nor is it intended for everyday use. The twelve (12) minute grace period may not be utilized when the meal period has been extended as permitted by subparagraph (c) below. An employee's first meal period shall commence no earlier than two (2) hours after such employee reports for work, except as provided in subparagraph (d) below.

Upon the Local Union filing a claim that the Producer has violated the foregoing, it shall immediately notify the designated representative of the Producer. The Local Union and such representative of the Producer shall meet or confer in an attempt to resolve the dispute. In the event that no resolution is reached during such meeting or conference, the Local Union or the Producer may, within three (3) business days, request a hearing before a Special Committee consisting of three (3) representatives designated by the AMPTP and three (3) representatives designated by the IATSE.

The Special Committee shall investigate the facts of the case and mediate the dispute. In the event that the Special Committee is unable, through mediation, to achieve a resolution satisfactory to all parties, then the Local Union may proceed to arbitration.

(c) The meal interval may be extended one-half (½) hour without penalty when used for wrapping-up or to complete the camera take(s) in progress, until print quality is achieved. Such extension shall not be scheduled nor automatic. In the case of Gang Bosses and/or other “Off Production” employees who normally overlap shifts, the meal interval will be extended not to exceed one-half (½) hour without penalty.

(d) If any member of the company after commencement of work time is given a reasonable hot breakfast, without deducting the time spent in eating (30 minutes) from work time, then the first meal may be six (6) hours after such breakfast, except that when such breakfast is given within one (1) hour of the general crew call (either before or after), the first meal for such employee shall be due at the same time as a meal is due for the general crew. The parties hereby confirm that the reference to “a reasonable hot breakfast” means a meal appropriate to the time of day.

(e) When an “On Production” employee is away from home studio, Producer will supply meals (except when work is at another studio which has adequate meal facilities).

(f) When an “Off Production” employee on a nearby location is required to work where convenient meal facilities are lacking, the Producer will furnish meals unless employee is notified the night before reporting for work that he is to work where such facilities are lacking. However, in no event shall such employee be required to furnish more than one meal per day.

(g) When the Producer furnishes meals to a shooting unit, off any lot, and an “Off Production” crew is working on the same site at the same time for the same unit, the Producer will likewise furnish meals to the “Off Production” crew.

(h) (1) Except as provided in subparagraph (2) below, the meal penalty for delayed meals shall be computed as follows:

First one-half (½) hour meal delay or fraction
thereof.. . . . \$ 7.50

Second one-half (1/2) hour meal delay or fraction thereof.. \$10.00

Third and each succeeding one-half (1/2) hour meal delay or fraction thereof.. \$12.50

(2) The meal penalty for delayed meals for employees employed on television motion pictures shooting in a studio shall be computed as follows:

First one-half (1/2) hour meal delay or fraction thereof.. \$ 8.50

Second one-half (1/2) hour meal delay or fraction thereof.. \$11.00

Third and each succeeding one-half (1/2) hour meal delay or fraction thereof.. \$13.50

Such allowances shall be in addition to the compensation for work time during the delay and shall not be applied as part of any guarantee.

(i) As an alternative to the foregoing provisions of this Paragraph as they relate to “on production” employees, the Producer, at its option, may institute “French hours” on a daily basis for “on production” employees, with the approval of a majority of the IATSE-represented crew. An employee’s consent to the use of a “French hours” meal system shall not be a condition of employment.

III. STUDIO ZONE DEFINITIONS AND WORKING CONDITIONS

21. Studio Zone Defined

The studio zone shall be the area within a circle thirty (30) miles in radius from Beverly Boulevard and La Cienega Boulevard, Los Angeles, California and includes Agua Dulce, Castaic (including Lake Castaic), Leo Carillo State Beach, Ontario International Airport, Piru and Pomona (including the Los Angeles County Fair Grounds). The Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer, Inc. Conejo Ranch property shall be considered as within the studio zone. (See Exhibit “Z” attached.)

22. Work Time

Studio rates and working conditions shall prevail for all work performed within the studio zone; however, for newly-called employees and those employees notified on the previous day prior to their departure from the studio (or the zone location) to report at the zone location, work time shall begin and end at the zone location; otherwise, work time shall begin and end at the studio. Such work time includes travel time both ways between the studio and the zone location.

23. Transportation Within the Studio Zone

(a) Allowance

Except as is otherwise provided herein, with respect to work at any studio zone location, Producer shall either furnish transportation to the employee or, at its option, may require employee to report at such location, in which case it will allow mileage of thirty cents (30¢) per mile computed between the studio and zone location and return. This allowance is to be paid on the employee's pay check that covers the payroll week in which the mileage was incurred. Employee shall not be requested to transport other employees or equipment (other than trade tools). The studio shall have the right to require the employee to report (subject to the same mileage allowance between the studio and the pick-up point) at a pick-up point within the studio zone for subsequent transportation furnished by the studio from such pick-up point to nearby location and return to the pick-up point. Work at another studio is not a "zone location." The IATSE will not unreasonably deny a request for waiver of the mileage allowance for employees who report to a "zone location" which is a regular place of employment for a production. The IATSE will not unreasonably refuse a request from the Producer that employees report to a location which is a reasonable distance beyond the aforementioned thirty (30) mile zone. As to theatrical motion pictures only, the Producer shall not be required to pay a mileage allowance to any employee reporting to a "zone location" within Los Angeles County which is within a ten (10) mile radius from a point to be designated by the Producer. Commencing outside the ten (10) mile radius, a mileage allowance will be paid as provided above. Secured parking will be provided at such location as hereinafter required in this provision.

(b) Reporting Within the Zone

As to an employee reporting to a designated site within the thirty-mile studio zone:

(1) If there are any moves required in the thirty-mile zone from one location to another, the employees will be transported to and from such other location.

(2) Golden Hours

When this provision applies, if an employee reports for work outside a studio and within the thirty-mile zone, the “Golden Hour” pay rates will commence after twelve (12) elapsed hours.

(c) Parking Facilities

When an employee reports for work within the thirty-mile studio zone other than at a studio, the employer will pay for parking in a supervised public parking lot. If no such public parking is available, the employer will provide supervised or secured parking.

24. Material Violation

If the Local Union claims that a material violation of this Section III is occurring, with respect to the employees covered by this Agreement, then:

(a) Such Local Union shall immediately notify the designated representative of Producer, the IATSE, the AMPTP and CSATF.

(b) Such Local Union and such representative of the Producer shall immediately settle the dispute or determine whether or not there is a material violation of this provision.

(c) In the event the Local Union and the Producer do not settle the dispute or make such a determination as above provided, then the IATSE, the AMPTP and CSATF must, within twenty-four (24) hours after receipt of such notice of the alleged material violation, determine whether or not there is such a material violation. Such a determination shall be final and binding upon the parties and the employees subject to this Agreement.

If it is so determined that there is such a material violation, this thirty-mile studio zone provision: (1) with respect to television films shall be suspended in respect to production of the television episode involved; and (2) with respect to a theatrical motion picture, shall be suspended in respect to production of the theatrical picture involved for a period of fifteen (15) calendar days following the determination that there is such a material violation. Provided, however,

Producer shall not reschedule the shooting from the zone to the studio in order to avoid the application of this provision.

(d) Alleged violations of this thirty-mile studio zone provision shall not be subject to the Grievance and Arbitration Procedure of Article 7.

IV. NEARBY LOCATION DEFINITIONS AND WORKING CONDITIONS

25. Nearby Locations Defined

Nearby locations are those locations outside of the studio zone on which employees are not lodged overnight, but return to the studio or home at the end of the workday.

26. Work Time; Travel Time

Studio rates and working conditions shall prevail on nearby locations; however, the provisions of Paragraph 20(h)(2) shall not apply on nearby locations. Work time shall begin when ordered to report at the studio and continue until dismissed at the studio. Travel time to and from the location shall be work time.

27. Transportation

The studio shall furnish transportation to and from nearby locations.

28. Truck Travel Allowances

Employees riding trucks to and from nearby locations shall receive truck travel allowances of twenty-five cents (25¢) per hour or fraction thereof for such time travelled. The minimum allowance each way is one (1) hour. Such allowance shall be in addition to the compensation for work time during the travel and shall not be applied as part of any guarantee.

29. Golden Hours

Travel time shall be considered as work time in the computation of Golden Hours. In addition, Paragraphs 11(a)(1) and (3), (b), (c) and (e) shall apply.

30. No Clause.

**WAGE SCALES, HOURS OF EMPLOYMENT AND WORKING
CONDITIONS**

V. DISTANT LOCATION MINIMUM WAGE SCALES

31. (a) (1) The following distant location minimum wage scale shall be effective for the period commencing with July 29, 2012 to and including August 3, 2013.

Studio Electrical Lighting Technicians, Local #728			Distant Location Minimum Rates			
			Schedule A Daily Employees	Schedule B Weekly Employees ¹		Schedule C (Exempt)
			1½ after 8 and/or 40; Min. Call - 9½ hours	Weekly Guarantee - 60 cumulative hours; 6 consecutive days Minimum Call - 8 hours		Weekly “On Call”
			Regular Basic Hourly Rate	Regular Basic Hourly Rate	Weekly Guar.	
Occ. Code No.	Classification	EDD Code #962 + (Information Only)	Per Hour	Per Hour	Per Week	Per Week
	5400 Gen. Foreman	.362-014				\$2,260.52 ²
	5401 Chief Lighting Tech.	.363	\$41.73	\$41.183	\$2,882.79	
	5403 Asst. Chief Lighting Tech.	.364	37.87	37.197	2,603.76	
	5411 Sub-Foreman		39.24	37.197	2,603.76	
	5421 Chief Rigging Technician	.365	39.24	37.197	2,603.76	
	5425 Running Repair Technician	.367	37.04			
	5431 Special Lighting Technician/ Lighting Board Technician ³	.368	37.04			
	5432 Lighting Console Programmer ⁴		37.04			
	5441 Gang Boss		37.04			
	5451 Electrical Lighting Tech.	.381	36.26			
	5452 Rigging Technician (Off-Production) ⁵	.366	36.26			
	5453 Entry Level Technician		31.89			

Footnotes applicable to this Paragraph 31.(a)(1) begin on page 46.

- (2) The following distant location minimum wage scale shall be effective for the period commencing with August 4, 2013 to and including August 2, 2014.

Studio Electrical Lighting Technicians, Local #728			Distant Location Minimum Rates			
			Schedule A Daily Employees	Schedule B Weekly Employees ¹		Schedule C (Exempt)
			1½ after 8 and/or 40; Min. Call - 9½ hours	Weekly Guarantee - 60 cumulative hours; 6 consecutive days; Minimum Call - 8 hours		Weekly “On Call”
Occ. Code No.	Classification	EDD Code #962 + (Information Only)	Regular Basic Hourly Rate	Regular Basic Hourly Rate	Weekly Guar.	
			Per Hour	Per Hour	Per Week	Per Week
5400	Gen. Foreman	.362-014				\$2,305.73 ²
5401	Chief Lighting Tech.	.363	\$42.56	\$42.006	\$2,940.45	
5403	Asst. Chief Lighting Tech.	.364	38.63	37.941	2,655.84	
5411	Sub-Foreman		40.02	37.941	2,655.84	
5421	Chief Rigging Technician	.365	40.02	37.941	2,655.84	
5425	Running Repair Technician	.367	37.78			
5431	Special Lighting Technician/ Lighting Board Technician ³	.368	37.78			
5432	Lighting Console Programmer ⁴		37.78			
5441	Gang Boss		37.78			
5451	Electrical Lighting Tech.	.381	36.99			
5452	Rigging Technician (Off-Production) ⁵	.366	36.99			
5453	Entry Level Technician		32.53			

Footnotes applicable to this Paragraph 31.(a)(2) begin on page 46.

- (3) The following distant location minimum wage scale shall be effective for the period commencing with August 3, 2014 to and including July 31, 2015.

Studio Electrical Lighting Technicians, Local #728			Distant Location Minimum Rates			
			Schedule A Daily Employees	Schedule B Weekly Employees ¹		Schedule C (Exempt)
			1½ after 8 and/or 40; Min. Call - 9½ hours	Weekly Guarantee - 60 cumulative hours; 6 consecutive days Minimum Call - 8 hours		Weekly “On Call”
			Regular Basic Hourly Rate	Regular Basic Hourly Rate	Weekly Guar.	
Occ. Code No.	Classification	EDD Code #962 + (Information Only)	Per Hour	Per Hour	Per Week	Per Week
5400	Gen. Foreman	.362-014				\$2,351.84 ²
5401	Chief Lighting Tech.	.363	\$43.41	\$42.847	\$2,999.26	
5403	Asst. Chief Lighting Tech.	.364	39.40	38.699	2,708.96	
5411	Sub-Foreman		40.82	38.699	2,708.96	
5421	Chief Rigging Technician	.365	40.82	38.699	2,708.96	
5425	Running Repair Technician	.367	38.54			
5431	Special Lighting Technician/ Lighting Board Technician ³	.368	38.54			
5432	Lighting Console Programmer ⁴		38.54			
5441	Gang Boss		38.54			
5451	Electrical Lighting Tech.	.381	37.73			
5452	Rigging Technician (Off-Production) ⁵	.366	37.73			
5453	Entry Level Technician		33.18			

Footnotes applicable to this Paragraph 31.(a)(3) begin on page 46.

¹ (a) Weekly Employees – Employees under this schedule shall be paid at the scheduled Regular Basic Hourly Rate for the first forty (40) hours of the six-day workweek and not less than one and one-half (1½) times such basic hourly rate of pay for all time over forty (40) hours in such workweek, with a guarantee that the employee shall receive, for regular time and for such overtime as the necessities of the business may demand, a sum not less than the scheduled weekly guarantee for each six-day workweek.

(b) The guaranteed pay of weekly employees who absent themselves without the employer's consent may be reduced one-sixth (1/6) of the weekly guarantee for each day of absence.

² This rate is for five (5) days only. See subparagraph (f) for rates applicable to six (6) days and seven (7) days within a payroll week.

³ Special Lighting Technician/Lighting Board Technician's rate will be paid: (1) for fixtures; (2) for lighting still set-ups off shooting set; (3) for gas-driven wind machines, when assigned by Producer to employees hereunder; (4) to all lighting board technicians when such technician is controlling multiple lights on cue, and to spotlight technicians operating any type lamp used as a spotlight; (5) for lightning equipment; (6) to "on production" employees who work four (4) or more hours of the workday in an aerial lift used as a lighting platform, which lift is at a height of at least thirty-five (35) feet; and (7) to technicians engaged in balloon lighting operations.

⁴ This job classification may be used as an alternative to Occ. Code 5431 at the option of the Producer.

⁵ Completely interchangeable with Occ. Code No. 5451.

(b) The distant location minimum rates for cumulative weekly schedule employment shall apply for full six (6) consecutive day workweeks of distant location employment only. See Paragraph 1, "Studio Minimum Wage Scale," for provisions applicable to combinations of studio and distant location employment in the same workweek.

As to "on production" employees, once during the production of a motion picture, or in the case of episodic television, once between hiatus periods (*i.e.*, between the commencement or resumption of production and a cessation of principal photography for the series for at least one week), the Producer may shift the workweek for employees working on production without incurring extra costs, by adding one (1)

or two (2) days off consecutive with the sixth and/or seventh days off in the prior workweek and/or by shifting a workweek commencing on a Tuesday to a workweek commencing on a Monday, provided that the intervening Sunday is a day off. Otherwise, the Producer must pay the employee appropriate premium pay if it requires the employee to work on the day(s) which would otherwise be the employee's regularly-scheduled day(s) off.

In addition to the shift outlined in the preceding paragraph, the IATSE agrees that it will not unreasonably deny a request to shift the workweek of production employees without incurring additional costs when a production travels to a new city.

(c) Employees hired under the "On Call" schedule shall receive, in addition to their current studio rate, a distant location allowance of six dollars (\$6.00) per diem.

(d) The day of departure and the day of return shall be considered distant location days.

(e) Sixth and Seventh Day in an Employee's Workweek on Distant Location

For the seventh day worked in an employee's workweek on distant location, the following shall apply: All employees are paid at their scheduled Regular Basic Hourly Rates. The minimum call is eight (8) hours. All allowances and computations are separate and apart from the six-day workweek.

Daily and Weekly Employees	
Sixth or Seventh Day Not Worked in the Employee's Workweek	Allowance of four (4) hours pay at straight time at the minimum wage rate (not work time), plus pension and health contributions for eight (8) hours.
Seventh Day Worked in the Employee's Workweek	Double time, separate and apart.

(See Paragraph 39 for work-and-travel.)

(f) Payment Provisions Applicable to the Sixth and Seventh Days in an Employee's Workweek on Distant Location and to Partial Workweeks for Employees Hired under the "On Call" Schedule

(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, the following shall apply to employees hired under the "On Call" schedule with respect to the sixth and seventh days in an employee's workweek on distant location, whether work is performed or not:

(i) For each sixth day worked in an employee's workweek during a full six (6) day workweek, employee shall receive one and one-half times one-fifth ($1/5$) of the "on call" weekly rate in effect in addition to the "on call" salary in effect.

(ii) For each sixth day not worked in an employee's workweek during a full six (6) day workweek, employee shall receive an allowance equal to one-twelfth ($1/12$) of the scheduled minimum "on call" weekly rate, plus pension and health contributions for seven (7) hours.

(iii) For each seventh day not worked in an employee's workweek, employee shall receive an allowance equal to one-twelfth ($1/12$) of the scheduled minimum "on call" weekly rate, plus pension and health contributions for eight (8) hours.

(iv) For each seventh day worked in an employee's workweek, if employee actually performs work at the direction of the Producer, employee shall be paid an additional amount equal to one-third ($1/3$) of the "on call" weekly rate in effect. Said amount shall be paid in addition to any amount due for the sixth day in the employee's workweek on distant location pursuant to the above subparagraphs.

The term "rate in effect" means wage scale plus amounts in excess of scale, if any.

Notwithstanding any agreement between employee and Producer, the aggregate compensation paid to such employee shall not be less than the scheduled studio weekly minimum "on call" rate plus any additional compensation due for the sixth or seventh day in the employee's workweek as required hereinabove and any additional compensation due for work on a recognized holiday as required hereinbelow.

In the event that employee and Producer agree upon an amount of payment for the sixth or seventh day in the employee's workweek different from that prescribed above, the

Producer, as a matter of policy, will attempt to give the Union notice of such agreement. An inadvertent failure to give such notice shall not be considered a breach of such policy.

(2) Partial Workweek

In a partial workweek, five (5) days or less, consisting of studio workdays and distant location workdays, studio days shall be prorated at one-fifth (1/5) of the scheduled studio minimum salary rate and distant location days shall be prorated at one-sixth (1/6) of such rate; provided, however, that for any five (5) consecutive days within the same payroll week, an employee shall be paid not less than the scheduled studio minimum salary rate.

(g) Holidays on Distant Location

(1) All employees are paid at their scheduled Regular Basic Hourly Rates. Minimum calls are as specified in Paragraph 31. Payment shall be made or work time credit shall be given in accordance with the following schedule:

	Daily Employees	Weekly Employees
Holidays Not Worked	Work time credit of minimum call. This is compensation for readiness to perform services even though no actual work is required.	
Holidays Worked	Double time. (Hours worked are excluded from weekly computation for the six-day workweek.)	Hours worked are included in weekly computation of work time for the six-day week. In addition, holiday premium pay for an equal number of hours.

(See Paragraph 39 for work-and-travel.)

(2) If a holiday falls on a Saturday, it will be observed on a Saturday.

(3) “On Call” Employee Work on a Recognized Holiday

If an employee hired under the “On Call” schedule is specifically instructed and required by Producer to perform work on a recognized holiday on distant location, under the direction and control of Producer, Producer shall pay such employee one-sixth (1/6) of his “on call” weekly salary in effect for each such recognized holiday so

worked. Said amount shall be payable not later than the second Thursday following the employee's return to the studio.

(h) The regular pay day will be on Friday for employees working on distant location, provided that the Producer has made accommodations to allow employees to cash their pay checks on that day.

(i) The parties confirm that any day worked in a partial workweek either before or after one (1) full week of employment may be prorated at the rate of one-sixth (1/6) of the distant location weekly rate for each distant location workday.

32. Minimum Calls and Allowances on Distant Location

(a) Except as provided in Paragraph 32(b) below, all employees are guaranteed pay for the scheduled minimum call as work time for each day of the regular workweek on distant location.

(b) Daily and weekly employees are guaranteed a four (4) hour straight time pay allowance at the minimum wage rate (not work time) for the sixth or seventh day not worked in the employee's workweek, plus pension and health contributions for eight (8) hours.

(c) Minimum call time and cumulative work time are recognized as work time and employees shall hold themselves in readiness to serve the Producer during such times.

33. - 35. No Clauses.

VI. DISTANT LOCATION DEFINITIONS AND WORKING CONDITIONS

(Only Paragraphs 36, 37, the second sentence of Paragraph 39(a) and 39(f) of this Section VI are applicable to employees hired under the "On Call" Schedule.)

36. Distant Locations Defined

Distant locations are locations on which the employee is required to remain away and be lodged overnight.

37. Traveling Expenses and Accommodations

(a) Traveling Expenses

The employee's necessary traveling expenses, meals and lodging shall be made available at the Producer's expense. For travel anywhere in the United States, Canada and Mexico, the Producer shall furnish air transportation to and from distant location. For travel outside the United States, Canada and Mexico, employees shall be furnished business class air accommodations, except that when business class accommodations are not available, employees shall travel first class. Producer agrees to use its best efforts to furnish and maintain, during travel time, reasonably comfortable riding conditions in the class of transportation provided, avoiding overcrowding and providing proper space for baggage and tools.

Producer will direct the employee that he must use the Producer's form of transportation to distant location. In those instances in which Producer purchases public air transportation to and from such location site, the Producer agrees to purchase tickets refundable only to Producer.

(b) Accommodations

Employees on distant location shall be entitled to single room housing when it is reasonably available.

38. Distant Location Conditions of Employment

The Producer will endeavor to determine the qualified persons in the locality of any of its location sites within the United States and Canada who are available to meet the employment requirements of the Producer for such location in the job classifications covered hereunder. Such persons are not subject to this Agreement. In the event that such available qualified persons are insufficient to meet Producer's employment requirements at such site in such job classifications, then such additional persons as may be necessary to fill such described employment requirements of Producer shall be employed in and taken from the County of Los Angeles, California, subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement.

38.1 Assignment of Personnel When Equipment Sent to Distant Location

When electrical lighting equipment, other than camera batteries, is taken to a distant location from Los Angeles, California, at least one (1)

person in the job classifications covered by this Agreement will be taken to handle or operate such equipment.

39. Travel Time, Work and Travel Conditions and Pay Provisions

(a) For any day of the week (including holidays) on which an employee travels only, the employee shall receive an allowance of four (4) hours of pay at straight time or pay for time actually travelled, whichever is greater, but in no event more than eight (8) hours of pay at straight time. "On call" employees who travel only to or from distant location shall be paid an allowance of one-sixth (1/6) of the scheduled minimum weekly "on call" rate for any day so travelled.

(b) No clause.

(c) Travel-and-Work or Work-and-Travel

Travel time within the minimum call shall be paid for as work time and computed towards the commencement of Golden Hours, but shall not be paid for at the Golden Hour rate. If travel time occurs outside the minimum call, it shall be deemed to be "work time," but shall not be used in determining the commencement of Golden Hours. However, travel time occurring outside the minimum call and between the hours of 6:00 p.m. and 6:00 a.m., when sleeping accommodations are provided, shall not be deemed to be travel time or work time.

For example - (applicable only when the minimum call is nine and one-half (9½) hours):

(1) On day of departure, employee travels ten (10) hours then works five and one-half (5½) hours. All hours are deemed work time and fifteen and one-half (15½) hours are computed toward Golden Hours.

(2) On day of return, employee works eight (8) hours and travels seven (7) hours. All hours are deemed work time but only nine and one-half (9½) hours are computed toward Golden Hours.

(d) Other Travel Provisions

(1) Distant location working conditions shall apply on the day of departure, day of return and intervening days.

(2) Local Travel Time

There shall be no deduction from work time for local travel time on distant locations. For the purposes of this paragraph, “local travel time” is defined as the actual time consumed at the beginning and end of each day’s work in transporting the employee to and from the housing base at distant location and the shooting site or place of work.

(e) Time Spent Waiting to Travel on Day of Departure from Distant Location

On the day of departure from a distant location, when sleeping accommodations at the location are not available to the employee after 9:00 p.m., time spent after 9:00 p.m. in waiting for transportation, when the minimum call is not in effect, shall be compensated for as an allowance.

(f) Travel Insurance

The Producer shall provide accidental death insurance in a sum not less than two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000) for the benefit of the employee’s designated beneficiary when the employee is required to travel at the request of the Producer in transportation furnished by the Producer.

Employees shall be permitted to fill out a form specifying a beneficiary. Such form shall be filed with the designated representative of the Producer.

An employee, by refusing in good faith to travel by airplane, will not jeopardize his future working opportunities on assignments which do not require travel by airplane.

(g) Truck Travel

An employee required to ride a truck and assigned to and responsible for the care of the cargo in transit shall be deemed working and not traveling for the purposes of Golden Hours.

40. No Clause.

41. Call-backs (Rest Periods)

Rest periods following dismissal shall be eight (8) hours on distant location.

Intervening time of less than four (4) hours between dismissal and call-back for work shall be work time; intervening time of four (4) or more hours shall not be work time. When intervening time is less than four (4) hours, such time may be applied as part of the “call-back” guarantee. All employees are paid at their scheduled Regular Basic Hourly Rates.

Minimum Guarantees for “Call-backs” During Rest Periods Following Dismissal		
Classification	Any Day Other than a Holiday or the Seventh Day Worked in an Employee’s Workweek	Seventh Day Worked in an Employee’s Workweek and Holidays*
Daily Employees	4 hours at 1½; 1½ thereafter	3 hours at double time; double time thereafter
Weekly Employees	½ minimum call	½ minimum call

* The above “call-back” guarantees for holidays and the seventh day worked in an employee’s workweek do not apply when employee reports to work on such days within the appropriate rest period following dismissal from work starting on the previous day. In such event, the “call-back” guarantee is the minimum call in hours as scheduled in Paragraph 31.

By way of clarification, the parties agree that forced calls are triggered by time worked, rather than time paid.

42. No Clause.

43. Sixth Day Worked on Distant Location

Subject to any overtime requirements of this Agreement, the sixth day worked in an employee’s workweek on distant location is a straight time day.

44. Golden Hours on Distant Location

(a) Travel time to be used in the computation of Golden Hours shall be subject to the following:

If travel time, with other than truck transportation as above provided in Paragraph 39(g), added to recesses (if any) immediately before and after such travel, totals less than eight (8) hours, such interval shall be deemed an “interruption” for the purposes of Golden Hours, but if such interval equals eight (8) or more hours, it shall be considered a “full rest period.”

(b) The rate for Golden Hours, as defined in Paragraph 11(a)(1), for distant location employment shall be as follows: For such employment occurring on any day other than a holiday or the seventh day worked in an employee’s workweek, two (2) times the employee’s scheduled Regular Basic Hourly Rate. For such employment occurring on a holiday or the seventh day worked in an employee’s workweek, four (4) times the employee’s scheduled Regular Basic Hourly Rate.

(c) In addition, Paragraphs 11(b), (c) and (e), as modified in this Paragraph, shall apply.

45. Meal Periods on Distant Location

(a) Meal periods (not counted as time worked) shall be not less than one-half ($\frac{1}{2}$) hour nor more than one (1) hour. The first meal period after reporting for work shall be called not later than six (6) hours after reporting for work, and subsequent meal periods shall be called not later than six (6) hours after the expiration of the previous meal period, except the interval prior to the last meal period of the day may be extended to six and one-half ($6\frac{1}{2}$) hours without penalty provided the employee performs no work on the shooting site after such meal. The interval may also be extended one-half ($\frac{1}{2}$) hour when used for wrapping up or to complete the camera take(s) in progress, until print quality is achieved. Such extension shall not be scheduled nor automatic. In addition, a twelve (12) minute grace period may be called for production efficiency prior to imposition of any meal penalty. Such grace period shall not be scheduled nor automatic nor is it intended for everyday use. The twelve (12) minute grace period may not be utilized when the meal period has been extended as permitted above.

If any member of the company after commencement of work time is given a reasonable hot breakfast without deducting the time spent in eating (thirty (30) minutes) from work time, then the first meal may be six (6) hours after such breakfast, except that when such breakfast is

given within one (1) hour of the general crew call (either before or after), the first meal for such employee shall be due at the same time as a meal is due for the general crew. The parties hereby confirm that the reference to a "reasonable hot breakfast" means a meal appropriate to the time of day.

Upon the Local Union filing a claim that the Producer has violated the foregoing twelve (12) minute grace period, it shall immediately notify the designated representative of the Producer. The Local Union and such representative of the Producer shall meet or confer in an attempt to resolve the dispute. In the event that no resolution is reached during such meeting or conference, the Local Union or the Producer may, within three (3) business days, request a hearing before a Special Committee consisting of three (3) representatives designated by the AMPTP and three (3) representatives designated by the IATSE.

The Special Committee shall investigate the facts of the case and mediate the dispute. In the event that the Special Committee is unable, through mediation, to achieve a resolution satisfactory to all parties, then the Local Union may proceed to arbitration.

(b) If an employee works less than nine and one-half (9½) hours on a shift, only one meal is to be deducted. If he works nine and one-half (9½) hours or more, more than one meal period may be deducted.

(c) Meal penalty for delayed meals shall be computed as follows:

First one-half (½) hour meal delay or fraction thereof.....	\$ 7.50
Second one-half (½) hour meal delay or fraction thereof.....	\$10.00
Third and each succeeding one-half (½) hour meal delay or fraction thereof.....	\$12.50

Such allowance shall be in addition to the compensation for work time during the delay and shall not be applied as part of any guarantee.

(d) As an alternative to the foregoing provisions of this Paragraph as they relate to "on production" employees, the Producer, at its option, may institute "French hours" on a daily basis for "on production" employees, with the approval of a majority of the IATSE-

represented crew. An employee's consent to the use of a "French hours" meal system shall not be a condition of employment.

45.1 Eating Facilities on Nearby or Distant Location

Whenever employees of Producer assigned to a production company are furnished food which is to be eaten at the shooting site of a nearby or distant location, Producer will make facilities, such as tables, chairs, benches or stools, available for the convenience of such employees during meal periods.

45.2 Box Lunches on Location

At all "locations" where meals are catered to Electrical Lighting Technicians, not more than one "box lunch" shall be served during a single shift of work, except in cases of extenuating circumstances.

45.3 Payment of Tips in Restaurants on Distant Locations

On distant locations where employees are required to eat at restaurants designated by Producer's representative and the meal checks are collected and paid for by Producer, arrangements shall also be made for the inclusion of tips to waiters and waitresses who serve Producer's employees and the employees shall be notified in advance that such arrangements have been made.

When a representative of Producer supplies employees with cash to obtain food at restaurants selected by the employee, or when the employee is subsequently reimbursed for such expense, it shall then be incumbent upon the employee to personally take care of tips to waiters or waitresses.

46. Night Premiums on Distant Location

There are no night premiums on distant location.

47. Time Cards on Distant Location

Time cards shall be approved by a representative of the Producer. The employee's classification and wage schedule, starting and finishing time, deductible meal periods, rate changes and penalties, if any, shall be shown on his time card. Any items changed after time card is approved must be reviewed by the employee.

48. Clean-Up Facilities on Location

With respect to employees who are required by Producer to travel on public transportation on a work-and-travel day, upon completion of work on the day of departure from a location, the Producer shall make available two (2) rooms where members of the crew who performed manual work may change and wash up, unless rooms are not available as a result of circumstances beyond the Producer's control.

With respect to employees who are required by Producer to travel on public transportation on a work-and-travel day, upon completion of work at the studio on the day of departure, an adequate opportunity shall be afforded members of the crew who performed manual work to change and wash up.

If such opportunity and facilities are not so made available to such employee as required above, each such employee shall be paid, in addition to other compensation, an allowance at straight time for the length of the return travel time.

49. No Clause.

50. Other Working Conditions

Unless modified by Paragraphs 31 to 49 inclusive, all other studio working conditions shall prevail on distant location.

VII. GENERAL CLAUSES

51. Hazardous Work

The employee selected to perform hazardous work and Producer are to negotiate and agree upon a rate in advance for such work and, if no agreement is so reached, the employee will not jeopardize working opportunities by refusing to perform work that is considered hazardous. The employee may request the assistance of the Business Representative of the Union in such negotiations.

When an employee covered by this Agreement is working in close proximity and is exposed to the same hazard with the same degree of risk to which another employee covered by the Basic Agreement is exposed who has negotiated a hazardous pay adjustment, the employee covered by this Agreement is entitled to that same hazard pay adjustment. In all other hazardous work situations, the amount of such adjustment shall be the subject of individual negotiations.

If an employee is required to sign a waiver due to hazardous conditions for any state or governmental agency or owner of private property, and refuses to sign such waiver, such employee may be replaced, but such refusal shall not limit such employee's future employment opportunities with Producer.

When Producer knows in advance that such a waiver is required, Producer will advise the Union of the situation.

52. Allowances for Hazardous Work

The following allowances shall be paid for hazardous work:

(a) For taking motion pictures on aerial flights or submarine diving, employee shall receive sixty dollars (\$60.00) per flight or dive, but with a maximum of payment in a single shift of one hundred eighty dollars (\$180.00).

(b) Any employee designated by Producer to work completely under water using a diving mask, air helmet or diving suit, including skin diving, will be paid a bonus of twenty-five percent (25%) of his rate in effect at the time of such performance, except when the total time required by the employee to perform such work, including diving is less than one (1) hour. The provisions of Paragraph 13 shall apply when such work is one (1) hour or more.

(c) Any employee designated and required by Producer to dive to a depth of fifteen (15) feet or more in water using a diving mask, air helmet or diving suit, including skin diving, will be paid an allowance of sixty dollars (\$60.00) for each dive, with a maximum payment in a single shift of one hundred eighty dollars (\$180.00). Such allowance shall supersede and replace the twenty-five percent (25%) bonus referred to in subparagraph (b) above.

When an employee is required to dive under water twenty (20) feet or more, he shall be accompanied by another diver.

(d) The following special provisions shall be applicable to employees required to be under water when performing their work:

(1) A dressing room shall be provided.

(2) Hot drinks or nourishment shall be available if water is cold.

(3) A rest period of ten (10) minutes shall be allowed for each hour worked. Not more than two (2) consecutive hours shall elapse without a rest period.

(4) In the event safety conditions so warrant, it shall be the practice of underwater workers in the performance of such work to work jointly in pairs.

53. Abnormally Cold or Wet Work

(a) Producer will provide suitable wearing apparel for abnormally cold or wet work.

(b) When required by Producer to work in water three (3) feet or more in depth for a period of an aggregate of at least four (4) hours during any workday, employee will be paid a fifteen percent (15%) bonus. The provisions of Paragraph 13 shall apply when such work is for four (4) hours or more.

53.1 Abnormal Production Conditions

If production or equipment requirements create a condition whereby an abnormal demand is placed upon the electrical crew assigned hereunder, such condition shall be relieved.

53.2 Drinking Water

Cool drinking water will be furnished for employees working on stages up high.

54. Overscale Employees

Rates of pay of overscale employees shall not be reduced by reason of this wage agreement.

55. Nearby and Distant Locations

Studios will notify Union of locations and names of crew assigned thereto. Notice of same shall be given twenty-four (24) hours in advance for work on distant locations. For work on nearby location, notice shall be given as soon as practicable.

56. Assignment of Personnel

In the studio, studio zone or on a nearby location only, when electrical lighting work on any shooting work is performed under this

Agreement, the first person assigned to perform such work on such shooting unit shall be paid the Chief Lighting Technician (Occ. Code No. 5401) rate. As needed, and according to the work involved, on other than second units and insert units, the second person assigned to such unit shall be paid the Assistant Chief Lighting Technician (Occ. Code No. 5403) rate.

56.1 Certified Aerial Lift Operators

(a) A certified aerial lift operator shall receive preference in assignment, as far as practicable, when an aerial lift is required for use in set lighting. In no event shall the aerial lift be operated by unqualified employees.

(b) No aerial lift operator shall operate an aerial lift without a state-approved safety harness/belt provided by the Producer.

(c) The Producer shall ensure, having due regard for safety and fatigue, that an aerial lift operator is given reasonable breaks.

(d) Producer will provide an appropriate fire extinguisher when an aerial lift is used as a lighting platform.

57. Earnings Reports

At the end of each quarter, the Producer will submit a list of its employees subject to this Agreement, showing each employee's earnings for that quarter.

58. No Clause.

59. Studio Pass

The duly authorized Business Representative of the Union shall be furnished a pass to the studio. Such pass will permit driving the Representative's car into the Producer's studio, lot or ranch provided such is the custom and practice. The Business Representative shall be permitted to visit any portion of the studio, lot or ranch necessary for the proper conduct of the business of the Union during working hours.

60. Stewards

The Union may designate or redesignate one employee as a Steward to inspect all working conditions affecting the terms of this Agreement. An employee so designated must be in the Journeyman classification of the Industry Experience Roster. Each such designation

or redesignation, as the case may be, shall be for a period of not longer than six (6) months. The Union may make such a designation or redesignation or remove such Steward at any time, but shall discuss the matter with the Producer before doing so.

It shall be the responsibility of the Steward to settle minor grievances with the head of the department in which the grievance arises and, in the event such grievance cannot be adjusted, to notify his Business Representative. The Steward so designated shall be permitted to perform these duties, but such duties shall not unduly interfere with his work and he shall not leave his station without notifying his immediate supervisor.

Notwithstanding the provision for layoff or rehire contained in subparagraph (c) of Paragraph 68, such Steward shall not be laid off, or when on layoff shall be the first to be rehired, during his above-described term as Steward as long as there is work available for him in his department, provided that: Such Steward is willing to do, and is qualified physically and possesses the necessary ability and skill for, the particular work to be performed; such Steward shall not have any such preference in layoff or rehire over the Department Head, if there is any in the unit, or over any employee classified and paid as a foreman, gang or shift boss, supervisory employee or a carry-through person; Producer's right to discharge such Steward for cause shall not be limited in any manner by this provision; such Steward shall be subject to the provisions of Paragraph 68, "Seniority;" such preference in layoff or rehire shall not apply on the sixth or seventh day worked in such Steward's workweek or holidays, nor to station jobs, nor when it would disturb the continuity of a project; and such Steward shall not have such preference over employees who have been specially rehearsed or cued for a job, nor over persons operating specialized equipment.

Under this provision, the Union may also designate an Alternate Steward. The Alternate Steward will, in the absence of the primary Steward, assume the duties of the Steward as outlined above. The Alternate Steward will be subject to the same conditions of employment as the primary Steward, but only for the period of the primary Steward's absence.

Under this provision, only one such Steward may be designated who will have such preference in layoff and rehire as provided above, at any one time. This does not preclude the Union from appointing other "acting" Stewards, but such employees shall not be considered, in any manner whatsoever, as Stewards hereunder for the purpose of preference in layoff and rehire, as above provided. The Union shall notify Producer in advance of any such appointment.

61. Gang Bosses

Gang Boss rates will be paid to those workers designated by the Producer to take charge of a crew of persons or a project. The Producer will not unreasonably fail to designate a Gang Boss on such jobs or projects that require Gang Boss supervision.

62. Safety

(a) It is agreed by the parties that too great an emphasis cannot be placed on the need to provide a safe working environment. In that context, it shall be incumbent on each employer (herein referred to as the Producer) to furnish employment and a place of employment which are safe and healthful for the employees therein; to furnish and use safety devices and safeguards, and adopt and use practices, means, methods, operations and processes which are reasonably adequate to render such employment and place of employment safe and healthful; to do every other thing reasonably necessary to protect the life, safety and health of employees. Correspondingly, no employer shall require or permit any employee to go or be in any employment or place of employment which is not safe and healthful. In addition, every employer and every employee shall comply with occupational safety and health standards and all rules, regulations and orders pursuant to applicable laws which are applicable to his own actions and conduct; no person (employer or employee) shall remove, displace, damage, destroy or carry off any safety device, safeguard, notice or warning, furnished for the use in any employment or place of employment; no person shall interfere with the use of any method or process adopted for the protection of any employee, including himself, in such employment or place of employment.

(b) Rigid observance of safety regulations must be adhered to and willful failure of any employee to follow safety rules and regulations can lead to disciplinary action including discharge; however, no employee shall be discharged or otherwise disciplined for refusing to work on a job that exposes the individual to a clear and present danger to life or limb. No set of safety regulations, however, can comprehensively cover all possible unsafe practices of working. The Producer and the Union therefore undertake to promote in every way possible the realization of the responsibility of the individual employee with regard to preventing accidents to himself or his fellow employees.

(c) It is also agreed that when unresolved or continuing disputes exist regarding Safety and Health compliance, non-compliance or interpretation therein of Title 8, Chapter 4, Subchapter 7, General Industry Safety Orders, said disputes shall be referred to the AMPTP and

CSATF-administered Labor-Management Safety Committee for review, investigation, interpretation and advisory recommendations to the Employer(s). The CSATF-administered Labor Management Safety Committee is the industry-wide Safety Committee consisting of the IATSE and its West Coast Studio Local Unions, the Basic Crafts Unions, the Screen Actors Guild, the Directors Guild of America and representatives of the Producers. It is understood that it is not the responsibility of the Safety Committee, or any member of the Committee, the IATSE or its Local Unions, the Basic Crafts, CSATF or the AMPTP to implement or comply with any such recommendations.

(d) The Labor-Management Safety Committee shall meet at least once a month.

(e) The cost of the Labor-Management Committee will be borne by CSATF.

(f) A separate bulletin shall be issued by the AMPTP to provide the following:

(1) The Producers reaffirm their commitment to regularly inspect the studio working areas and to establish preventive maintenance procedures to assure safe working conditions.

(2) Complaints of unsafe conditions will be promptly investigated by the Producer and appropriate action will be taken if the Producer finds that an unsafe condition does exist.

(3) Each Producer will designate an individual as the responsible safety officer for its respective studio, facility, laboratory or location site. Except on location, each safety officer will have a well-publicized "hot-line" phone number which employees can anonymously call to alert management to any existing safety problems which may require correction.

(4) The Producers will provide access to all working areas to the Safety Director of CSATF so that he will periodically inspect same.

(5) Communication regarding safety policy will be made available to all affected employees directly or by posting on bulletin boards.

(g) Concerns stemming from the use of smoke on sets shall be referred to the industry-wide Safety Committee for resolution.

62.1 Safety Devices

All platforms for electrical appliances, lamps, etc. shall be constructed and equipped with the necessary safety devices, *viz.*, guard rails, walking planks, light planks, secured and tied to ensure safety of equipment and operation of same. Ladders shall be provided when necessary for access to platforms. Fire escape lines shall be added when necessary. Parallels are to be clear of all cables or unnecessary obstructions when physically practicable. When obstructions cannot be removed, an additional Electrical Lighting Technician will be employed, if necessary.

62.2 Grounding

The Producers agree to arrange for a meeting between representatives of the Union and Industrial Relations Representatives and Production Executives of the Producers to more fully discuss the issues involved.

62.3 “Super” Safety Committee

The parties have established a “Super Safety Committee” that will meet on an ongoing basis to review the safety-related issues, including grounding, that were discussed in negotiations.

62.4 Aerial Lift Training Subcommittee

A subcommittee of the Industry-wide Safety Committee shall be formed for the purpose of discussing aerial lift training.

63. - 65. No Clauses.

66. Non-Discrimination

The parties agree to continue to comply with all applicable federal and state laws relating to non-discriminatory employment practices.

Claims alleging a violation of this "Non-Discrimination" provision are not subject to arbitration, but are instead subject to non-binding mediation.

67. Foremen and Supervisory Employees

Notwithstanding anything contained in the Constitution and By-laws of the Union, or in the obligation taken by a person upon becoming a member of the Union, or otherwise, which directly, indirectly, or

impliedly places upon a foreman (or any person who is a supervisory employee within the meaning of that term as set forth in the Labor Management Relations Act of 1947, as amended), the duty or obligation to accord an unlawful employment preference to members of the Union, such foreman or supervisory employee shall not give or recommend any unlawful employment preference, and the Union shall not in any manner discipline or threaten with discipline any such foreman or supervisory employee for failing or refusing to give or recommend any such unlawful employment preference.

68. Seniority

(a) Maintenance of Industry Experience Roster

Under prior collective bargaining agreements, signatory Producers have established an Industry Experience Roster, which will be maintained under this Agreement, composed of the names of employees subject to this Agreement, who were included on said roster on July 31, 2012 and employees who thereafter satisfactorily fulfill all of the eligibility provisions set forth under “Entry Level Classification” below, including employees who actually performed services hereunder in one or more of the job classifications covered by this Agreement in the production of motion pictures in the motion picture industry in Los Angeles County or who have been hired hereunder in said County and performed such services outside said County.

The physical maintenance of said roster shall be under the supervision of CSATF.

(1) The Industry Experience Roster shall consist of one seniority group containing the following:

(i) Journeyman Classification

The Journeyman classification of said Industry Experience Roster shall be composed of all persons who were in Industry Group 1 of said Industry Experience Roster on July 31, 2012 and any person who has been transferred to the Journeyman classification from the Entry Level classification pursuant to subparagraph (a)(2) below.

(ii) Entry Level Classification

The Entry Level classification shall consist of those persons who are not included on the Industry Experience Roster in the Journeyman classification and who have been employed in any of the

job classifications covered by this Agreement at least thirty (30) actual workdays collectively with one (1) or more Producers and who have satisfactorily passed a color-blindness examination administered at no expense to the employee by qualified persons designated by CSATF. Any person making application to be placed on the Industry Experience Roster must perfect the application no later than one (1) year following the date of the last work day to be considered as qualifying experience. The parties hereby confirm that I-9 information must be provided to CSATF as a condition of placement on the Industry Experience Roster. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this Paragraph, if an individual working under an O-1 or O-2 visa applies for placement on the Industry Experience Roster, such application shall be held in abeyance until such time as the individual is again available to be engaged to perform work covered under the IATSE Basic Agreement or the Videotape Supplemental Agreement.

(2) A person in the Entry Level classification shall be transferred to the Journeyman classification upon the completion of at least two hundred (200) actual workdays collectively with one or more Producers.

(3) By way of clarification, the parties agree that the Entry Level classification is for purposes of determining the rate of pay only.

(b) Maintenance of the Studio Roster

Producer has established and will maintain, as herein provided, a Studio Experience Roster, referred to as the "Studio Roster," composed of those persons subject to this Agreement who were on the Studio Experience Roster in Industry Group 1 as of February 1, 1976.

An employee who is removed or terminated from the Studio Seniority Roster, as provided in subparagraph (d) of this Paragraph 68, shall not be replaced and no further additions shall be made to such roster.

(c) Hiring, Layoff and Rehire

Producer shall give preference of employment to qualified available persons in the job classifications hereunder as follows:

(1) In the job classifications hereunder, except the classification of Chief Lighting Technician, such preference of employment in hiring and rehiring shall be first given to such qualified persons in the Studio Roster group; in the event that there are insufficient available qualified persons in the Studio Roster group to

meet the employment needs of the Producer in such job classifications, the next preference shall be given to persons listed on the Industry Experience Roster in the Journeyman or Entry Level classifications; in the event there are insufficient available qualified persons listed on the Industry Experience Roster in such classifications, the Producer may secure employees from any source.

Consistent with the foregoing provisions of this Paragraph 68(c)(1), the Producer shall give first consideration for re-employment to any individual who, as a result of working lengthy hours overlapping into the next day, is not recalled to work on that day because the appropriate rest period has not been given.

Except as otherwise herein specifically provided, each qualified person listed in the Studio Roster Group or on the Industry Experience Roster shall have equal preference of employment with all other qualified persons in the studio group or Industry Roster, respectively, and the Producer shall have complete freedom of selection within the Studio Roster Group or Industry Experience Roster for employment purposes under this Agreement.

(2) With respect to such hiring and rehiring, the Producer shall notify the Local Union of its need to fill calls for “extra” employees in such classifications and may also specifically request particular named persons from the Industry Experience Roster. Upon such notice or request, the Local Union will undertake to obtain and dispatch to Producer such persons so specifically requested or, on the other hand, when persons are not so requested, any available, qualified, eligible persons from the Industry Experience Roster in accordance with the above preference of employment provisions. Producer reserves the right to select those to be hired or rehired, as the case may be, from among such eligible persons who are so dispatched to Producer, as above provided. Neither as to such undertaking or dispatching by the Union nor as to any other related portion of this Agreement will the Union discriminate either in favor of or against any person by reason of membership or non-membership in the Union. Producer shall not in any manner be liable hereunder for any alleged violation of this Paragraph 68 because of the Producer’s employment of any person through the dispatching facilities of the Union, as above provided.

The Local Union agrees to keep its offices open and available to service the Producer from 8:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. It is understood that the above provisions with respect to the Producer’s utilization of the dispatching facilities of the Union apply only to the filling of such “extra” calls from available, qualified persons from the appropriate classification within the single seniority group of the

Industry Experience Roster; that such provisions do not apply in the event Producer does not meet its employment needs in such classifications from among the available, qualified persons in the appropriate classifications contained within the single seniority group of the Industry Experience Roster and Producer is required to employ persons from other sources, in which event the recruiting of such new employees shall only be done by Producer directly. The terms and conditions of this Paragraph shall not in any manner affect any of the other provisions of this Paragraph 68. The parties hereto shall post, in places where notices to employees and applicants for employment are customarily posted, all of the provisions of this Paragraph 68.

(3) In the event of layoffs in the job classifications hereunder, Producer will lay off in the inverse order of seniority; *i.e.*, first, all employees in such job classifications not listed on the Industry Experience Roster; then, employees who are on the Industry Experience Roster; and, lastly, employees who are in the Studio Roster Group.

The above layoff provisions, with respect to Weekly Schedule employees, shall be effective as of the completion of such employees' current assignment.

Schedule A Daily employees on distant location may be retained out of Studio Roster status or Industry Experience Roster status, as the case may be, until one day after the return of the employee to the studio. Notwithstanding anything in this Paragraph 68 to the contrary, an employee properly hired and assigned to an "on production" position may be retained without being bumped.

(4) In administering hiring, layoff and rehiring, the Producer, upon giving advance notice to the Local Union, may (i) call, retain or recall out of Studio Seniority status, or Industry Experience status, as the case may be, an employee because of his special studio experience, skill and qualifications for the duties and/or equipment necessary for operation, or (ii) call or recall, and thereafter retain, out of Studio Seniority status or Industry Experience status, as the case may be, an employee because there are insufficient qualified available persons in the Studio Seniority Group or the classifications contained in the single seniority group of the Industry Experience Roster, respectively, as the case may be, as above provided.

In the event that it is not possible for the Producer to give such advance notice to the Local Union, Producer may so call, retain or recall out of Studio Seniority status or Industry Experience status, as above provided, but shall notify the Local Union as soon as possible thereafter. If no protest is presented to Producer by the Union

Representative within twenty-four (24) hours after receipt of such notice, Saturdays, Sundays and recognized holidays excepted, the protest shall be deemed to be waived. If the Union shall protest, the Union Representative shall promptly discuss with the Director of Industrial Relations of Producer the application of such exception and settle the dispute if at all possible.

In the event of a failure to settle the dispute in the discussion, as provided above, the matter shall be subject only to the expedited arbitration procedure provided for in Article 7 and shall be heard within three (3) working days from the time of notification by the Union to CSATF of the failure to settle such dispute. Such procedure shall be limited as herein provided. Failure or refusal of such representative of either party to meet at the appointed time shall constitute an automatic and final withdrawal or approval of the protest, as the case may be.

If, in such expedited arbitration procedure, it is determined there was no need to call, retain or recall an employee out of Studio or out of Industry Experience status, as the case may be, the arbitrator may require Producer to forthwith employ a person in Studio Seniority or Industry Experience Roster status, whichever the case may be. If the matter is so determined, the individual may immediately be awarded back pay, if any, but in no event more than three (3) days back pay. No other penalty may be imposed on the Producer. The decision in such expedited arbitration shall be final and binding and the expedited arbitrator's authority to decide shall be limited to the issue and remedy herein provided. The above procedure shall be the exclusive remedy for any dispute arising under this Paragraph and such dispute shall not be subject to the provisions of Article 7 of this Agreement.

(d) Removal of Person from Producer's Industry Experience Roster and Studio Seniority Roster

(1) (i) A person shall be removed from the Industry Experience Roster and the Studio Seniority Roster if such person has not been employed for at least five (5) days within the crafts and classifications of work of such Roster under this Agreement, the Videotape Electronics Supplemental Basic Agreement, the Supplemental Digital Production Agreement or the Commercial Film Supplemental Agreement within a consecutive two (2) year period. In such event, CSATF will notify, in writing, the Local Union and the involved person at his last known address of the intended removal and specify the date of such removal. Such notice shall be given not less than fifteen (15) business days prior to removal of such person from the Industry Experience Roster.

(A) The IATSE or a Local Union designated by the IATSE and/or the involved person shall have the right to challenge the removal based on good and sufficient cause existing for the person's being unavailable for employment under the Agreement within the two (2) year period, by submitting a written protest within twenty (20) business days following receipt of the notice of intention to remove the individual from the Roster. If no protest is filed within said time period, the right to protest is waived. In the event of a protest, the person's name will not be removed from the Industry Experience Roster until the matter has been determined.

(B) Protests involving removal shall be subject to the following procedure:

(1) The IATSE and CSATF agree to submit to final and binding arbitration before the impartial arbitrator disputes involving the removal of any person on the Industry Experience Roster.

(2) In an arbitration conducted pursuant to this Article, CSATF shall participate as a party, and the IATSE, or a West Coast Studio Local Union designated in writing by the IATSE, shall represent the IATSE. Any person whose intended roster removal is involved in such dispute shall be entitled to have his own counsel at his own expense present at the arbitration.

(3) The IATSE and CSATF select Fredric Horowitz to act as the impartial arbitrator in all cases submitted to arbitration under this Article and Mark Burstein as the alternate impartial arbitrator in the event the impartial arbitrator is unavailable or unwilling to act. In the event that both the impartial arbitrator and the alternate arbitrator are unable or unwilling to act, the arbitrator shall be selected by mutual agreement of the IATSE and CSATF.

(4) The impartial arbitrator shall hold a hearing within ten (10) business days after receipt of a request from the IATSE or CSATF. Such hearing shall be held on an informal basis. The arbitrator shall have the authority to establish uniform and equitable procedures for the conduct of the hearing.

(5) The award of the arbitrator shall be rendered in writing within twenty (20) business days after the conclusion of the hearing unless the time is expressly extended by the CSATF and the IATSE. The written award of the impartial arbitrator shall be final and binding upon the IATSE and its West Coast Studio Locals, CSATF and any person whose roster removal is at issue.

(6) The fees of the impartial arbitrator and the costs of the arbitration, if any, shall be shared equally by CSATF and by the IATSE or the involved IATSE West Coast Studio Local Union. All other costs and fees shall be borne by the party incurring the same.

(7) Any of the time limits set forth herein may be extended by mutual agreement of the parties.

(C) For purposes of this provision, a person shall be deemed to have “good and sufficient cause” for being unavailable for employment for any of the following reasons:

(1) Such person was employed in a labor relations position by the Alliance of Motion Picture & Television Producers; the Association of Motion Picture & Television Producers, Inc.; Contract Services Administration Trust Fund; the Motion Picture Industry Pension and Health Plans; the International Alliance of Theatrical Stage Employees and Moving Picture Technicians, Artists and Allied Crafts of the United States, its Territories and Canada; any of the IATSE West Coast Studio Local Unions; or any other labor organization recognized by the member companies of the Alliance of Motion Picture & Television Producers as the bargaining representative for an appropriate unit of employees employed in the motion picture industry.

(2) Such person was employed by any Employer who is a member of the multi-employer bargaining unit which consists of those companies listed in the 2012 IATSE Basic Agreement and those Producers which have effectively consented to be part of the said multi-employer unit.

(3) Such person had a disability which prevented him from performing work assigned to the craft(s) or classification(s) in which he was formerly employed.

(4) Any other good and sufficient cause as determined by the arbitrator in accordance with the foregoing procedures.

(ii) The parties confirm that an employee on permanent disability status with one Producer will be removed from the Industry Experience Roster in that craft and may not work for another Producer in that craft.

(2) A person may be removed by the Producer from its Industry Experience Roster for any of the following reasons:

(i) Discharge by the Producer for cause. Producer will immediately notify employee and Local Union and will reduce the cause for discharge into writing and mail or deliver same to the employee, the Local Union and CSATF. In the event the discharge is not protested in writing within ten (10) calendar days from receipt by the Union of notice (excluding Saturdays, Sundays and holidays), the discharge shall be deemed to be for cause and shall not be subject to the grievance procedure hereunder or any other procedure. If such protest is made within such ten-day period, it shall immediately be submitted to Step One of the grievance procedure in Article 7. Either party may, within the time provided in Step One, elect to go either through (A) Steps Two and Three of the grievance procedure; or (B) directly to expedited arbitration. The selection by either party of expedited arbitration shall prevail. Three discharges for just cause shall subject the employee to automatic removal from the Industry Experience Roster.

(ii) If an employee is called three (3) times by the Producer and refuses such calls, the Producer will give written notice to the Local Union of such employee's failure to accept such calls and the Union will be given seven (7) days to ascertain the reason for such employee's refusals. After seven (7) days have elapsed after receipt of notice by the Union, if such employee fails again to accept a call by the Producer, the Producer may remove such employee from the Producer's Studio Seniority or Industry Experience Roster by written notice to such employee.

(iii) Voluntary resignation. The Union shall be notified of the employee's action.

(iv) In the event a person called by the Producer accepts the call and fails or refuses to report for work after accepting such calls on two (2) occasions during the term of this Agreement, the Producer may remove such employee from the Producer's Industry Experience Roster by written notice to the employee. The Producer agrees to notify the Union in writing of such employee's first failure to report for work after accepting such call.

(v) A person may also be removed from the Studio Seniority Roster for unauthorized leave of absence.

(vi) A person may be removed from the Studio Seniority Roster only if he is laid off and not rehired, under the terms and conditions of this Agreement, for a period of nine (9) consecutive months.

(vii) Death.

(viii) Retirement, whether fully or partially, under the Motion Picture Industry Pension Plan or any of the private retirement plans designated in Article XV of the Motion Picture Industry Pension Plan Trust Agreement; however, the Producer may employ such employee as though he had not been removed from such Roster.

(ix) Absence because of illness exceeding one year, provided Union receives prior written notice.

(3) A person on the Producer's Industry Experience Roster who is called for work and is properly unavailable for work may be temporarily removed from such roster until he notifies the Producer of his availability. During the time the person is so temporarily removed from such roster, the Producer is not obligated to call such person.

(4) The Local Union may advise CSATF of the name of any person who has not complied with the obligations of Article 3 of this Agreement within sixty (60) days following such person's placement on the Industry Experience Roster. The Local Union shall also provide CSATF with documentation indicating that the employee has been given the opportunity, as required by law, to pay to the Local Union any delinquent fees and/or dues required by law. In such event, the person shall be deemed unavailable for employment and his name shall be removed from the Industry Experience Roster.

In the event of a protest involving removal of a person from the Industry Experience Roster pursuant to this subparagraph (4), the provisions of Paragraph 68(d)(1)(i)(B) shall apply.

Any problems caused by or relating to the administration of this subparagraph (4) shall be referred to IATSE President Matthew D. Loeb, or his designee, and to AMPTP President Carol A. Lombardini, or her designee, for resolution.

(5) A person on the Industry Experience Roster who fails to successfully complete legally required industry safety training courses on a date to be mutually agreed upon by the IATSE and AMPTP shall be temporarily removed from the Industry Experience Roster. During the time the person is so temporarily removed from such Roster, the Producer is not obligated to call such person. The person shall be reinstated to his/her former Roster status upon successful completion of said courses.

(e) Absences

For the purposes of this Paragraph 68, an employee who has been employed in any of the job classifications covered by this Agreement shall not be removed from the Industry Experience Roster for any of the following reasons:

- (1) Absence because of illness not exceeding one (1) year;
- (2) Absence because of military service;
- (3) Absence because of service (in the same line of occupation pursued by the employee in the motion picture industry) for the United States Government on any research projects for the defense of the United States, provided such employee was expressly recruited by authorized government representatives for such service;
- (4) Employment by a Local Union which represents employees in job classifications covered by the I.A.T.S.E. Basic Agreement;
- (5) Employment by the Producer as a supervisor when the employee has had previous work and experience in the motion picture industry in the job classifications covered by this Agreement.

The burden of proving the above absences from service with Producer shall be on the employee.

(f) Establishing Eligibility

In order for any eligible person to be placed on the Industry Experience Roster of Producer, such person shall make written application to be placed on such Roster, on application forms provided for such purpose.

Any person claiming to have fulfilled the Industry Experience Roster requirements shall have the burden of establishing and proving such claims.

With respect to calls for work, the Producer's call record shall be *prima facie* evidence of the fact such person was called and said call record shall be available for inspection by the Union.

(g) Roster Certification Form

The Producers and the Union have jointly developed a form for use by all employers to notify CSATF that an individual is being certified for Roster placement. The form includes provisions for:

- (1) the number of qualifying days worked by the employee;
- (2) the roster classification within which the employee worked; and
- (3) a notation whether the work performed was satisfactory or unsatisfactory.

Said Studio Seniority Roster and Industry Experience Roster, as compiled by the Producer, will be posted by the Producer as soon as practicable on the bulletin board in the applicable studio departments. A copy of such rosters shall be furnished to the IATSE and the Local and the Local Union shall post a copy of such rosters on the bulletin board at its business office as soon as practicable.

Except as otherwise provided, the said rosters shall be revised from time to time as required.

Such rosters, when posted, shall remain posted for a period of thirty (30) days.

Any objections by the Union or any person affected to the contents of any such roster as so posted shall be made, in writing, to the Producer within such thirty (30) days and, if not so made, shall be deemed to be waived.

(h) Roster Arbitration Procedure

Disputes regarding the placement of any person on the Industry Experience Roster arising from the contention that the person is not eligible to be placed on the Roster under the applicable Agreement shall be resolved in the following manner:

- (1) CSATF shall notify the IATSE and the Local Union involved of its intention to place a person on the Industry Experience Roster. CSATF's notice shall contain the individual's name, address, telephone number and social security number, provided CSATF possesses such information. The IATSE or the Local Union may protest the intended action of CSATF within ten (10) business days by a written notice to CSATF. The IATSE and the affected Local shall have the right

to challenge any roster placement with respect to the qualifications required pursuant to subparagraphs (g)(1) and (g)(2) above. In the event of a protest, CSATF shall notify the Producer(s) involved and the person. The person will not be placed on the roster until the matter has been determined. Upon such protest, a hearing shall be scheduled before the impartial arbitrator. If no protest is filed within ten (10) business days, the respective parties waive the right to protest.

(2) The IATSE and the Producers agree to submit to final and binding arbitration, before the impartial arbitrator, disputes involving the placement of any person on the Industry Experience Roster in accordance with this Article.

(3) The IATSE and Producers select Fredric Horowitz to act as the impartial arbitrator in all cases submitted to arbitration under this Article, and Mark Burstein as the alternate impartial arbitrator in the event the impartial arbitrator is unavailable or unwilling to act.

(4) In an arbitration conducted pursuant to this Article, CSATF shall participate as an administrative witness and a custodian of records, and the IATSE or a Local Union designated in writing by the IATSE shall represent the IATSE. Any person whose intended roster placement is involved in such dispute shall be entitled to have his own counsel at his own expense present at the arbitration. This provision shall not be construed as conferring upon such person the rights of a third party to the arbitration, and such arbitration will be solely between the Producer(s) and the IATSE.

(5) The impartial arbitrator shall hold a hearing within ten (10) business days after receipt of a request from the IATSE or Producer(s). Such hearing shall be held on an informal basis. The arbitrator shall have the authority to establish uniform and equitable procedures for the conduct of the hearing.

(6) The award of the arbitrator shall be rendered in writing within ten (10) business days after the conclusion of the hearing unless the time is expressly extended by the Producer(s) and the IATSE. The written award of the impartial arbitrator shall be final and binding upon the IATSE and its West Coast Studio Locals, CSATF, the Producer(s) and any person whose roster placement is at issue. In the event that the award of the impartial arbitrator is to place the individual's name on the roster, the person's roster date shall be retroactive to the date that said person would have been placed on the roster but for said protest.

(7) The fees of the impartial arbitrator and the costs of the arbitration, if any, shall be shared equally by the Producer(s) and by the

IATSE. All other costs and fees shall be borne by the party incurring same.

69. Substituting for Department Head

Whenever the Producer designates an employee to substitute for a department head or assistant department head, for periods of time such as vacations, extended leave of absence or prolonged illness, such employee will be paid, during the substitution period, at the highest weekly rate in the wage schedule applicable to the classification in which the substitution occurs or, if the relieving employee is then receiving such highest weekly rate, he shall receive as additional compensation a bonus of fifteen percent (15%), but in no case more than the current rate of the person for whom he substitutes.

70. Reporting of Accidents

The nature and place of hospitalization of all accident cases requiring hospitalization shall be reported to the Union as soon as practicable after the accident. An employee who is injured while at work hereunder shall be credited with not less than a minimum call on the day of such injury.

71. Employees in the Armed Services

Recognizing the moral and legal responsibility to the employees subject to this Agreement who have entered into the Armed Services, the Producer and the Union agree that they have a joint responsibility (subject to the then-existing statutes) in the reinstatement of such employees to the jobs such employees held prior to their entry into the Armed Services.

Producers and the Union agree that employees temporarily holding such jobs will be displaced by such returning employees.

72. Vacations

Vacations with pay will be allowed as follows:

(a) Daily Schedule Employees

(1) Vacation pay for a person employed solely under a Daily Schedule shall be computed at the rate of four percent (4%) of total annual earnings for those hours worked at straight time, including hours worked on night premiums at straight time and hours paid as vacation time, during the employee's personal income tax reporting year.

(2) Employees must actually take time off from work for paid vacations in accordance with the following schedule:

For Daily Schedule Employees	
Straight time hours worked in preceding year:	Straight time working days required to be taken off:
1,928.0 and over (inclusive)	10
Between 1,734.4 and 1,927.9 (inclusive)	9
Between 1,540.8 and 1,734.3 (inclusive)	8
Between 1,347.2 and 1,540.7 (inclusive)	7
Between 1,153.6 and 1,347.1 (inclusive)	6
Between 960.0 and 1,153.5 (inclusive)	5
Between 766.4 and 959.9 (inclusive)	4
Between 572.8 and 766.3 (inclusive)	3
Between 379.2 and 572.7 (inclusive)	2
Between 185.6 and 379.1 (inclusive)	1
185.5 and under (inclusive)	0

Employees with 50% Additional Vacation Pay (See (e) below)	
1,888.0 and over (inclusive)	15
Between 1,761.6 and 1,887.9 (inclusive)	14
Between 1,635.2 and 1,761.5 (inclusive)	13
Between 1,508.8 and 1,635.1 (inclusive)	12
Between 1,382.4 and 1,508.7 (inclusive)	11
Between 1,256.0 and 1,382.3 (inclusive)	10
Between 1,129.6 and 1,255.9 (inclusive)	9
Between 1,003.2 and 1,129.5 (inclusive)	8
Between 876.8 and 1,003.1 (inclusive)	7
Between 750.4 and 876.7 (inclusive)	6
Between 624.0 and 750.3 (inclusive)	5
Between 497.6 and 623.9 (inclusive)	4
Between 371.2 and 497.5 (inclusive)	3
Between 244.8 and 371.1 (inclusive)	2
Between 118.4 and 244.7 (inclusive)	1
118.3 and under (inclusive)	0

(b) Weekly Employees (including combinations of Weekly and Daily Schedule employment):

* Straight Time Days Worked in Preceding Year	Days of Vacation with Pay in Succeeding Year
Over 200	10 (maximum)
Between 181 and 200	9
Between 161 and 180	8
Between 141 and 160	7
Between 121 and 140	6
Between 101 and 120	5
Between 81 and 100	4
Between 61 and 80	3
Between 41 and 60	2
Between 21 and 40	1
**20 and under	0

* For vacation purposes only, full six-day weekly schedule workweeks on distant location shall be credited as five (5) days worked. In addition, one workday shall be counted for each paid vacation day.

** Employees who are employed less than twenty-one (21) days and who do not qualify for a day's vacation pay under this provision shall be paid vacation pay as follows:

Daily Schedule Employment: 4% of straight time earnings including hours worked on night premiums at straight time.

Weekly Schedule Employment: 4% of guaranteed weekly earnings.

(c) To determine, for vacation purposes, the number of days worked in any workweek, the following formulae shall be used:

(1) Daily Schedule Employees (who also worked under a weekly schedule in the preceding year):

Studio Employment

$\frac{5}{40}$ x Total hours worked at straight time (including hours worked on weekday night premiums) to a maximum of forty (40) hours.

(2) Cumulative Weekly or “On Call” Weekly Employees:

Days worked are equal to the number of minimum calls paid for days other than the sixth or seventh days in the employee’s workweek, subject to the provisions of Paragraph 72(b)*, above.

(d) To determine, for vacation purposes, the rate at which each vacation day shall be paid, the following formulae shall be used:

(1) Daily Schedule Employees (who also worked under a weekly schedule in the preceding year): One (1) day is equal to eight (8) hours average pay at straight time.

(2) Cumulative Weekly Schedule Employees: One (1) day is equal to one-fifth (1/5) of average weekly earnings, limited each week to the hours specified under the employee’s weekly wage schedule.

(3) Rates of pay shall be those in effect during the year in which the vacation is earned (“preceding year”).

(4) “On Call” Weekly Schedule Employees: One (1) day is equal to pay of one-fifth (1/5) of weekly rate in effect at start of vacation.

(e) Additional Vacation Provisions

The following additional vacation provisions shall apply to Weekly or Daily Schedule employees who meet the necessary eligibility qualifications:

(1) Eligibility Requirements

Commencing with vacations earned in the year 1979 and payable in the year 1980 and thereafter, eligible employees shall be those employees who actually worked for Producer for eight (8) consecutive “eligible” years, with an aggregate of not less than 1,600 “straight time” days worked with Producer in such eight (8) years.

As used in this provision, the term “year” shall mean the employee’s personal income tax earnings year (also hereinafter referred to as “tax year”); the term “eligible year” shall mean a tax year in which the employee worked one hundred (100) or more “straight time” days for Producer;* the term “straight time” days shall be deemed

* The term “eligible year” shall be applied in the following manner with respect to calendar year 1988 to take account of the WGA strike: As to calendar year 1988 only, an

to include the five (5) or six (6) days of employment, as the case may be, specified under the respective five (5) or six (6) day cumulative weekly schedules.

Any tax year in which the employee actually works less than one hundred (100) "straight time" days for Producer shall be excluded in computing the required eight (8) "eligible" tax years, and the "straight time" days worked in such year shall not be counted in computing the required aggregate of 1,600 "straight time" days to be worked in such eight (8) tax years.

Employees who fail to work more than one hundred (100) "straight time" days for such employer in each of any two (2) consecutive tax years shall, at the end of such second year, be considered new employees hereunder with no previous employment credit with Producer for the purpose of establishing the above eligibility requirements. Provided, however, that in determining such two (2) consecutive years, no year shall be included (and the "straight time" days worked in such year shall not be counted for any eligibility purposes hereunder) in which the employee could not work one hundred (100) "straight time" days for Producer due to either or both of the following:

(i) The period of recorded leaves of absence granted by Producer;

(ii) For the period during which the employee was absent and physically unable to work for Producer solely as a result of an "industrial accident" occurring to such employee while employed by Producer.

(2) Vacation Days and Pay

Commencing with October 26, 1955, such weekly or daily employees who become eligible on or after such date, as above provided, shall, beginning with the date they so become eligible, earn with Producer fifty percent (50%) more in vacation time and money based upon the applicable weekly or daily employee** vacation schedule

employee shall be deemed to have an "eligible year" if he has worked at least seven-twelfths (7/12) of the number of days otherwise required under Paragraph 72(e) to attain an eligible year. Thus, any employee who has worked 58 or more "straight time" days for Producer during calendar year 1988 shall be deemed to have an "eligible year" for purposes of the additional vacation provision.

** Vacation pay for such employee employed solely under a daily schedule shall be computed at the rate of 6.2762% instead of 4% as set forth in subparagraph (a)(1), above, of this Paragraph 72.

set forth above; any such employee shall be limited to earning a maximum of only fifteen (15) days vacation per year. Provided, that for the remainder of any such tax year in which such an employee becomes eligible, he shall only earn additional vacation time and money, as above provided, based solely on the “straight time” days he worked for Producer after he so became eligible and within the remaining portion of each year, to be computed separate and apart at the rate of one-half of the vacation benefit specified under the above applicable daily or weekly vacation schedule.

(3) Loss of Eligibility

Employees who become eligible, as above provided, but who thereafter either resign from employment with Producer or fail to work for Producer more than one hundred fifty (150) “straight time” days^{***} in any one tax year shall, as of the last day of such tax year or, in the case of resignation, the date of such resignation, lose such eligibility and right to earn the additional vacation days and pay above provided; in such event, they shall thereupon be considered new employees hereunder with no previous employment credit with Producer for the purpose of subsequently establishing the above eligibility requirements.

In determining whether any employee loses his eligibility for failure to work for Producer more than one hundred fifty (150) “straight time” days in a tax year, as above provided, no such year shall be counted for this purpose in which the employee could not work at least one hundred fifty-one (151) “straight time” days for Producer due to either or both of the following:

(i) The period of recorded leaves of absence granted such employee by Producer;

(ii) The period during which such employee was absent and physically unable to work for Producer solely as a result of an “industrial accident” occurring to him while employed by Producer.

(4) Eligibility Credit

For the purposes of determining “eligible” years and “loss of eligibility” only, as above provided, employees who leave the employ of Producer to perform military service and who remain in the Armed Forces of the United States in accordance with the applicable

^{***} For purposes of calendar year 1988, the “more than one hundred fifty (150) ‘straight time’ days” requirement shall be reduced to “more than eighty-eight (88) ‘straight time’ days” to take account of the WGA strike.

National Selective Service Act (or other subsequently enacted comparable national legislation then in effect pertaining to such service), shall be credited as having worked for Producer the number of applicable days the employee would normally have been employed by Producer for “straight time” days in each workweek of the period of such service.

(f) Daily and Weekly Schedule Employees

(1) Vacations are earned in one personal income tax earnings year and are paid for in the succeeding calendar year.

(2) Vacations shall not be cumulative between calendar years and shall be taken at times approved by the Producer.

(3) Days that would otherwise constitute the sixth or seventh day worked in the employee’s workweek and holidays occurring during vacation periods are not counted as days granted.

(4) When any portion of the vacation period is less than a full payroll week, by mutual agreement between the Producer and the employee, the Producer may grant leave of absence without pay for the remaining fractional portion of the payroll week.

(5) Eligible employees who are no longer employed at the beginning of the calendar year in which their vacation pay for the preceding year is payable may obtain such vacation pay at any time subsequent to March 15 by notifying the Producer of their desire to obtain such vacation pay. Such notice shall set forth a date on or subsequent to the date of notice for the commencement of the period to which such vacation pay shall apply. The designation of such commencement date shall be at the sole discretion of such employees, and the Producer agrees to pay such employees the vacation pay due on or prior to such commencement date, but in no event shall the Producer be obligated to make such payment prior to March 15.

(6) In the event of a layoff, an employee eligible for vacation shall not be required to take vacation at time of layoff.

(7) Each eligible employee shall, if he so desires, submit to his department head, prior to June 1st, three (3) vacation dates in the order of his preference. In the event that none of the three (3) preferential dates is granted, the department head may establish date of vacation if conditions permit. However, he shall give any such employee not less than one week’s notice as to date of vacation unless, upon the request of the employee, it is otherwise mutually agreed.

Employees who do not submit preferential dates shall receive vacations on dates subject to the discretion of the department head.

(8) Producer shall pay an eligible employee his vacation pay check not later than noon of the pay day preceding the commencement day of his vacation, provided the employee has made a request to Producer for such vacation check at least one week prior to such pay day preceding the commencement of such vacation.

(9) If a successor company buys out Producer and continues the operation of Producer's studio, and if the buying company continues the employment at the studio of an employee of Producer, such employee shall retain with the buying company his appropriate vacation pay experience credit accrued with the selling company. If such employee is not so continued in employment by the buying company, then only Producer is responsible for any vacation pay due the employee at the time of his termination. If such employee is offered employment by the buying company, but elects not to continue his employment with the buying company, he shall be entitled to his accrued vacation pay from Producer.

(10) Presentation of Claim for Vacation and/or Holiday Pay

(i) Producers that currently pay for vacations and/or holidays on a weekly basis shall continue to adhere to their existing practice. Producers that currently make vacation and/or holiday payments pursuant to subparagraph (f)(10)(ii) below may instead elect on a production-by-production basis to pay on a weekly basis.

(ii) Producers that currently pay for vacations and/or holidays at the end of the calendar year shall elect one of the following procedures for employees on layoff and for employees on payroll:

(A) With respect to employees on layoff:

(1) On or after March 15 of the year following the calendar year in which vacation and/or holiday pay was earned, the Producer shall either:

(a) Mail or deliver to such employee his vacation and/or holiday pay; or

(b) Notify each such employee that he should claim his vacation and/or holiday pay pursuant to the provisions of this Agreement.

(2) In the event the Producer mails the employee's vacation and/or holiday paycheck and it is returned or if the employee fails, within thirty (30) days following the date of mailing of the notice referred to in subparagraph (f)(10)(ii)(A)(1)(b) above, to claim his/her vacation and/or holiday pay, the Producer shall notify the Local Union of the names of those employees who have not claimed vacation and/or holiday pay. In the case of employees whose checks were returned, the Producer shall also forward the returned check(s) to the Local Union.

(3) The Local Union shall endeavor to locate any employee who has not claimed his vacation and/or holiday pay. If it does so, it shall forward to the employee his check or otherwise advise the employee of the department of the Producer to contact to claim such pay.

(4) If the Local Union is unable, within thirty (30) days following its receipt of the notice referred to in subparagraph (f)(10)(ii)(A)(2) above, to locate such employee(s), the Local Union shall so advise the Producer and return any unclaimed check(s) to the Producer.

(5) On or about March 15 of the second calendar year following the year in which vacation and/or holiday pay was earned ("the second calendar year"), employees who have not claimed their vacation and/or holiday pay will be notified that unless claimed by July 15 of that year, such pay will be sent to the Motion Picture Industry Pension Plan. On or about May 15 of the second calendar year, Producer will furnish to the Local Union a list showing the names of those employees who have not claimed vacation and/or holiday pay and the amount of holiday and/or vacation pay due to each, together with a notice that unless claimed by July 15, such holiday and/or vacation pay will be sent to the Motion Picture Industry Pension Plan.

(6) On or about July 15 of the second calendar year, unclaimed vacation and/or holiday pay will be contributed to the Motion Picture Industry Pension Plan and credited to the appropriate employee pension plan account. Money so contributed shall not be returned to the employee and shall fully discharge the Producer's and the Local Union's obligations hereunder to the employee with respect to the payment of vacation and/or holiday pay.

(B) With respect to employees on payroll:

(1) On or after March 15 of the year following the calendar year in which vacation and/or holiday pay was earned, the Producer shall either:

(a) mail or deliver to such employee his vacation and/or holiday pay; or

(b) notify each such employee that he should request holiday pay pursuant to the provisions of this Agreement and schedule his vacation according to this Agreement.

(2) In the event the employee fails to request such holiday pay and/or to schedule his vacation within thirty (30) days after the date of mailing of the notice referred to in subparagraph (f)(10)(ii)(B)(1)(b) above, the Producer shall notify the Local Union of the names of those employees who have not claimed such pay and/or scheduled their vacation.

(3) The Local Union shall, within thirty (30) days after receipt of the notice referred to in subparagraph (f)(10)(ii)(B)(2) above, endeavor to notify the employee and advise him to claim holiday pay and to schedule his vacation.

(4) On or about March 15 of the second calendar year, employees who have not claimed their vacation and/or holiday pay will be notified that unless claimed by July 15 of that year, such pay will be sent to the Motion Picture Industry Pension Plan. On or about May 15 of the second calendar year, Producer will furnish to the Local Union a list showing the names of those employees who have not claimed vacation and/or holiday pay and the amount of vacation and/or holiday pay due to each, together with a notice that unless claimed by July 15, such holiday and/or vacation pay will be sent to the Motion Picture Industry Pension Plan.

(5) On or about July 15 of the second calendar year, unclaimed vacation and/or holiday pay will be contributed to the Motion Picture Industry Pension Plan and credited to the appropriate employee pension plan account. Money so contributed shall not be returned to the employee and shall fully discharge the Producer's and Local Union's obligations hereunder with respect to the payment of vacation and/or holiday pay.

(iii) New signatory Producers shall adhere to the practice of paying vacation and/or holiday pay currently on a weekly basis unless other arrangements are made by them with the IATSE.

73. Jurisdictional Disputes

The Union agrees to cooperate in good faith with the Producer and other Local Unions in the industry in working out a method for the determination of jurisdictional disputes without work stoppages. Appropriate clauses shall be incorporated in this Agreement to cover any method or means that shall be agreed upon.

73.1 Letter of Understanding re Procedure for Implementing Paragraph 73

(a) If a jurisdictional dispute should arise between or among the West Coast Studio Local Unions, it will be submitted to the IATSE for resolution.

(b) Prior to rendering a decision thereon, the IATSE shall notify the AMPTP of the existence of the dispute and, upon request of the AMPTP, shall consider the position of the Producer concerning the dispute.

(c) In the event that the AMPTP disagrees with the IATSE decision as to which Local should be assigned the work, the IATSE agrees to meet with the AMPTP in a good faith effort to resolve the question.

74. Severance Pay

(a) General

(1) (i) An employee employed by the Producer under this Agreement or its predecessor agreements for one or more qualified years (as defined in subparagraph (f) hereof) whose employment is severed after August 1, 2012; or

(ii) an employee who had at least one (1) qualified year (as defined in Paragraph 74(f) of this Agreement) as of August 1, 1985 who has made the required application for retirement to the Motion Picture Industry Pension Plan at least sixty (60) days prior to retiring or has made the required application for retirement to any private retirement plan referred to in Article XV of the Trust Agreement of the Motion Picture Industry Pension Plan and who retires

shall receive the applicable severance pay set forth below (as modified by subparagraphs (c) and (d) hereof) unless such employee is disqualified for severance pay purposes pursuant to subparagraph (e) hereof.

Qualified Years	Number of Weeks of Severance Pay
1-2	1
3-4	2
5-8	3
9	4
10	5
11-12	6
13-14	7
15	8
16	9
17	10
18	11
19	12
20	13

The rate at which severance pay is payable shall be determined in the same manner as the rate at which vacation pay is determined under the vacation pay provisions of this Agreement; provided, however, that the base period used in computing the employee's average earnings shall, for the purpose of severance pay, be based on the twelve (12) consecutive month period ending on the date of severance, instead of the employee's personal income tax earnings year used in computing vacation pay.

(2) Ninety (90) elapsed days after severance occurs such employee shall be entitled to:

(i) one (1) week of said severance pay if he has two (2) or less qualified years as of date of severance;

(ii) two (2) weeks of said severance pay if he has three (3) or more qualified years as of date of severance; provided, however, such employee shall not receive such severance pay if within such ninety (90) day period he receives the following employment by Producer:

(A) five (5) days' employment, not necessarily consecutive, if he has one (1) or two (2) qualified years as of the date of such severance;

(B) eight (8) days' employment, not necessarily consecutive, if he has three (3) qualified years as of the date of such severance;

(C) ten (10) days' employment, not necessarily consecutive, if he has four (4) or more qualified years as of the date of such severance.

(3) If such employee entitled to severance pay after ninety (90) elapsed days has five (5) or more qualified years as of the date of severance, he shall be entitled to the balance of his accrued severance pay ninety (90) elapsed days following the completion of the first ninety (90) day period, unless during the second ninety (90) day period he receives fifteen (15) days' employment by Producer, not necessarily consecutive.

(4) Notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraphs (2) and (3) above, an employee who retires in accordance with subparagraph (a)(1)(ii) above shall receive severance pay within thirty (30) days following his retirement.

(b) Payment of Full Severance Pay

Once an employee has received full accrued severance pay, pursuant to subparagraph (a) above, he shall thereafter be a new employee for severance pay purposes and future computation of qualified years shall apply only to employment by Producer, if any, after the receipt of such full severance pay.

An employee who retires pursuant to subparagraph (a)(1)(ii) above and receives his full accrued severance pay shall be removed from the Industry Experience Roster and the Studio Seniority Roster of the Producers.

(c) Offset

If an employee on the date of severance of employment with Producer after January 31, 1961 would otherwise already have five (5) or more qualified years with Producer, he shall be entitled to the total number of weeks of severance pay, as provided in (a) above, less an "offset" in the number of weeks of any severance pay he received from Producer before January 31, 1961 in connection with employment which

is considered in the computation of such qualified years or with “bridged” years as referred to in subparagraph (f) hereof. This “offset” shall apply only towards payments due after the completion of the second of two ninety (90) day periods referred to in subparagraph (a)(3) above. In this instance, payment by Producer of full severance pay to employee prior to January 31, 1961 shall not break the employee’s employment with such Producer for purposes of computing consecutive qualified years hereunder.

(d) Reduction of Severance Pay Amounts

Any severance pay paid to an employee after January 31, 1961 shall correspondingly reduce the total number of weeks of severance pay to which he is thereafter entitled before again becoming a new employee hereunder. An employee who receives or has received full severance pay hereunder after January 31, 1961 shall be considered to be a new employee thereafter for severance pay purposes.

(e) Disqualification for Severance Pay

Employees hereunder shall be disqualified for severance pay in accordance with the provisions of subparagraphs (1) and (2) below.

(1) Refusal of Offers of Employment

If an employee rejects an offer of employment from Producer hereunder during either of the ninety (90) day periods referred to in subparagraph (a)(3) hereof, such employee shall lose his qualification for severance pay and, if subsequently rehired, shall be rehired as a new employee for severance pay purposes. If any employee was not available or could not be reached when called for work by Producer, he shall be deemed to have rejected an offer of employment; provided, however, that:

(i) Producer shall be obligated, in the event of such rejection or unavailability, to notify the Union on the same day by telephone unless the Union office is not open, in which case such notification must be made on the next following workday, and to confirm such call by letter posted on the day of such notification to the Union.

(ii) If Producer is unable to reach the employee (including such inability to reach because no one answers employee’s phone), Producer shall be obligated to telephone the Union and request the Union to make the call, in which event the Union shall either promptly confirm to the Producer by telephone its inability to reach the

employee or advise the Producer by telephone that it has reached the employee and of the results of such call.

(iii) It is recognized that in certain circumstances it may be difficult for an employee to accept a call immediately when he is currently employed at another studio. It is further recognized that in certain circumstances it may be difficult for the employee, as well as a hardship to the studio at which he is then employed, to be required to accept a call immediately without any notice to his then present employer. It is believed that in the great majority of cases reasonable consideration would be given so that the employee would not lose his severance pay credits. To this end, it is the intent of the parties hereto that if an employee who is qualified for severance pay has been laid off by a studio and, within either of the ninety (90) day periods referred to, such studio recalls the employee at a time when such employee is unable to accept such recall because of other employment in the motion picture industry, then either of such ninety (90) day periods shall be deemed extended by a period equivalent to the period of employment for which the employee was being recalled, but in no event to exceed twenty (20) days. In the event such employee is again recalled within either of the ninety (90) day periods and does not accept such recall because of other employment in the motion picture industry, or for any other reason except as otherwise herein provided, then such employee shall lose his qualification for severance pay and, in the event he is subsequently rehired by the Producer, then such rehire shall be as a new employee for severance pay purposes, except that if the employee's call was on a daily basis, there may be two (2) extensions of either of the ninety (90) day periods by reason of inability to accept calls because of employment elsewhere in the motion picture industry.

(iv) If the employee is unavailable to accept such recall because of employment outside the motion picture industry at the time of such recall, he shall have a maximum of two (2) days after the date of such recall to make himself available and, if he fails to do so, then such employee shall lose his qualification for severance pay and, if he is subsequently rehired, shall be a new employee for severance pay purposes.

(2) Severance Beyond Control of Producer

In the event any severance is the result of a dismissal due to seniority requirements, a voluntary resignation or a layoff as a result of physical incapacity, epidemic, fire, action of the elements,

strike,* walkouts, labor dispute, governmental order, court order or order of any other legally constituted body, act of God, public enemy, war, riot, civil commotion or for any other cause beyond the control of the Producer, whether of the same or any other nature, the employee shall not be entitled to any severance pay arising out of the completion of both of the ninety (90) day periods following such severance. In the event any severance is the result of dismissal for cause, the employee so severed shall be disqualified for severance pay.

(f) Qualified Years

As used herein, the term “qualified years,”** with respect to any employee, shall refer to the number of consecutive periods of three hundred sixty-five (365) consecutive days each, calculated backward from the date of his severance, in each of which the employee has been employed by Producer for two hundred (200) or more work days (including paid vacation days as work days); it being understood and agreed that if, in any such three hundred sixty-five (365) day period, such employee was employed for less than two hundred (200) work days by Producer, such three hundred sixty-five (365) day period shall not be counted as a qualified year but shall be “bridged” for severance pay purposes, with the result that any such three hundred sixty-five (365) day period or periods prior to such “bridged” year in which employee was employed by Producer for two hundred (200) or more work days shall be counted as a qualified year; provided, however, that any three hundred sixty-five (365) day period in which employee received any authorized leave of absence without pay shall be extended by the length of such leave and provided, further, that the computation of qualified years shall be subject to the following exceptions:

(1) If an employee is determined to have less than two (2) qualified years, he shall be credited with a qualified year only if, in addition to having been employed for at least two hundred (200) or more days in the three hundred sixty-five (365) days immediately preceding his date of severance, he shall have been employed for at least one (1) day during the first six (6) months of the eighteen (18) month period

* The 1988 strike by the Writers Guild of America shall not be considered a disqualifying event for purposes of severance pay. Instead, any periods provided in Paragraph 74 shall be tolled for the duration of the WGA strike (March 7, 1988 through August 7, 1988).

** The definition of a “qualified year,” for purposes of this Paragraph 74(f), shall be applied in the following manner to take account of the Writers Guild of America strike: As to calendar year 1988 only, an employee shall be deemed to have a “qualified year” if he has worked at least seven-twelfths (7/12) of the number of days otherwise required under this Paragraph to attain a “qualified year.” Thus, any employee who has worked one hundred seventeen (117) or more work days during calendar year 1988 shall be deemed to have a “qualified year” for purposes of this provision.

immediately preceding his date of severance, in which case he shall be credited with one (1) qualified year.

(2) Any period of two hundred seventy (270) consecutive days commencing prior to January 31, 1961 in which such employee was not actually employed by Producer will be deemed to have broken the employment record of such employee and no period prior to the completion of such two hundred seventy (270) days shall be considered in determining qualified years of such employee.

(3) With respect to any severance of employment of an employee which occurred between February 1, 1961 and January 31, 1965, both dates inclusive, the passage of two hundred seventy (270) days following such severance in which such employee was not employed and did not receive an offer of comparable employment under the terms and conditions specified in the predecessor collective bargaining agreement of this Agreement shall result in his being a new employee for severance pay purposes upon the completion of such two hundred seventy (270) day period.

(4) If an employee on the date of the severance of his employment under this Agreement after January 31, 1961 with Producer would otherwise have had one (1), two (2), three (3) or four (4) consecutive "qualified years" with Producer, but had received full severance pay prior to February 1, 1965, then he shall be deemed to be a new employee for severance pay purposes after being rehired and the applicable consecutive qualified years shall be based and computed only upon his employment with Producer after he so became such a new employee.

(g) Severance Obligation of Successor Company

If a successor company buys out Producer and continues the operation of Producer's studio, and if the buying company continues the employment at the studio of an employee of Producer, such employee shall retain with the buying company his appropriate severance pay experience credit accrued with Producer and his employment shall not be considered to be terminated for severance pay purposes as a result of such successor company's acquisition of Producer. If such employee is not so continued in employment by the buying company, then Producer is responsible for any severance pay due the employee at the time of his termination. If such employee is offered employment by the buying company, but elects not to continue his employment with the buying company, he shall not be entitled to any severance pay from either Producer or buying company.

(h) Presentation of Claim for Severance Pay

Any claim for the payment of severance pay, not presented to the Producer within three hundred sixty-five (365) calendar days after the date upon which the employee is qualified under this Paragraph for such severance pay, shall be deemed to be waived.

75. No Clause.

76. Re-employment of Former Labor Union Officers

Any employee who has been employed by the Producer for the twelve (12) consecutive months (and has actually received pay for two hundred (200) or more days in that period) immediately prior to the date of his election or appointment to a paid full-time job with a labor organization in the motion picture industry shall be re-employed in his former job within ninety (90) days after leaving his Union position, on the same basis and seniority as though he had never left such job with Producer. Provided, however, that such job is available at the time of request for re-employment; that the job is not then held by an employee holding a personal service contract; that the employee, in the opinion of the Producer, is qualified and able to perform the duties required in such job, and that such employee has made application within thirty (30) days of leaving his Union position.

If such position has been abolished or the labor requirements of the Producer have materially changed, then subject to the above conditions, the Producer will give such employee preference of employment for any job available within the classifications of the bargaining unit.

77. Return of Transferred Employee to Bargaining Unit

Any employee of the Producer subject to this Agreement who is transferred or promoted to a position with Producer outside the classifications of the bargaining unit may, at the sole discretion of the Producer, upon the termination of such transfer or promotion, be restored to a position within the classifications of the bargaining unit on the same basis and seniority as though he had never been transferred or promoted from such bargaining unit. Provided, however, that such employee makes application with Producer for reinstatement to such position within the bargaining unit within ninety (90) days after severance from the position to which he had been transferred or promoted, as above described.

78. Technological Change

(a) Definition of Technological Change

As used herein, the term “technological change” means the introduction of any new or modified devices or equipment for the purpose of performing any work by employees covered by this Agreement which directly results in a change in the number of employees employed under this Agreement or which results, with respect to the performance of work in any classification hereunder, in materially changing the job description thereof, if any, provided herein, or in requiring substantially different training, qualification or skills therefor.

(b) Producer’s Right to Institute Technological Changes

The parties hereto agree that Producer has the unrestricted right to make technological changes and that such right shall not be subject to grievance or arbitration or any other proceeding. However, Producer’s right to make technological changes shall be subject to the provisions of subparagraphs (c), (d), (e) and (f) of this Paragraph 78.

(c) Notice of Technological Change

If Producer proposes to make any technological change, it shall give written notice thereof to Union and to any other Union affected by such change. Such notice shall be given as soon as possible but not less than thirty (30) days prior to instituting such change.

(d) Retraining

If any technological change permanently displaces any person in the performance of his job classification for Producer, and

(1) such person, as of the date of such displacement, is entitled under the provisions of Paragraph 74 hereof (“Severance Pay”) to be credited with at least one (1) “qualified year” arising out of his employment by Producer; and

(2) such person is qualified to be retrained for an available job resulting from such technological change or for other jobs which Producer has available within Union’s jurisdiction, or within the jurisdiction of any other Union which is a party to the Memorandum of Agreement of 1965, or for any other available job opportunity with Producer, then:

Producer agrees to endeavor to retrain such person for such available job at Producer's expense, in which event the provisions of subparagraph (e), below, shall not apply. Union agrees, notwithstanding anything in this Agreement to the contrary, to permit such retraining and to cooperate with Producer with respect thereto. Union further agrees, for the benefit of other Union parties to the Memorandum of Agreement of 1965, in consideration of the inclusion in their respective contracts of a clause identical with this Paragraph 78, to permit retraining within this Union's jurisdiction of employees displaced from jobs within the jurisdiction of such other Union parties; provided, however, that such other Union parties' displaced employees are qualified for retraining in this Union's jurisdiction and provided, further, that such permission shall be on condition (applicable to this Paragraph 78 only) that this Union has been notified of such available job and within forty-eight (48) hours thereafter (excluding Saturdays, Sundays and holidays) is unable to furnish competent available persons on the Industry Experience Roster or Studio Seniority Roster, if any (applicable to this Union), to fill such available job. Any such person offered retraining pursuant to this subparagraph (d) shall, of course, have the right to reject the same, but any such rejection shall discharge Producer's obligations under this Paragraph 78 unless the job opportunity for which Producer offered retraining was at a lower rate of pay than the job from which employee is being displaced.

(e) Displacement Pay

If any such technological change permanently displaces any person in the performance of his job classification for Producer, and

(1) such person, as of the date of such displacement, is entitled under the provisions of Paragraph 74 hereof ("Severance Pay") to be credited with at least one (1) "qualified year" arising out of his employment by Producer; and

(2) such person makes written application to Producer within thirty (30) days after such displacement to receive displacement pay (as herein defined), then:

Producer shall pay him the amount of compensation set forth in the following table and, upon such payment, he shall be removed from the Industry Experience Roster, so far as such Producer is concerned, and from the Studio Seniority Roster, if any.

Qualified Years as of the Date of Displacement	Number of Weeks of Displacement Pay Payable
1 or 2	1
3	1½
4	2
5 to 9 (inclusive)	3
10 or 11	5
12 or 13	6
14 or 15	7
16 or 17	8
18 or 19	9
20 or more	10

The payment of displacement pay, as above provided, shall be separate and apart from any obligation Producer may have to pay severance pay to such displaced person under the provisions of Paragraph 74 hereof (“Severance Pay”). Notwithstanding anything in this subparagraph (e) to the contrary, no such displaced person shall be eligible for displacement pay if:

(i) Producer offers the training referred to in subparagraph (d) above and such person rejects it, unless the training rejected is for a job at a lower rate of pay, or

(ii) such person is offered a job by Producer at an equal or better rate of pay, or

(iii) such person accepts any job with Producer even though such job is at a lower rate of pay.

(f) Negotiation of New Rates

If any technological change results, with respect to the performance of work in any classification hereunder, in materially changing the job description thereof, if any, provided herein, or in requiring substantially different training, qualification or skills therefor, and either the Producer or the Union desires to negotiate a new rate or classification for such job, the party desiring such negotiation shall give written notice to such effect to the other party within thirty (30) days following the date upon which any such job is so affected. Upon receipt of such notice, the parties shall immediately endeavor to agree upon the proper classification or rate for such job. Any such agreement shall be final and binding upon the parties concerned. If no such agreement is

reached within thirty (30) days after such written notice is received, either party to this Agreement may, within thirty (30) days thereafter, invoke Step Two of the grievance procedure provided in Article 7 hereof or, if they mutually agree to waive Step Two, may proceed immediately to Step Three of the grievance procedure so provided. The rate or classification determined by such agreement or by any arbitration pursuant to Step Three of the grievance procedure shall be effective retroactive to the date upon which any employee commenced performing services in any such affected job, but no reduction in rate shall be retroactive.

(g) Experimental Technological Changes

The provisions of subparagraphs (c), (d), (e) and (f) above shall not apply to any experimental technological change except that if any such change becomes other than experimental and any increased rate for a job affected thereby is negotiated pursuant to subparagraph (f) above, such increased rate shall be retroactive to the date upon which an employee commenced performing the changed services in such affected job. As used herein, the term, "experimental technological change" shall mean a technological change which is instituted by Producer for the primary purpose of determining, under operating conditions, the feasibility and adequacy of performance of any new or modified device or equipment; provided, however, that the change shall no longer be considered experimental after the date upon which its operation by persons under the jurisdiction of this Agreement is no longer subject to supervision by the technicians or engineers concerned with its development. Nothing in this subparagraph (g) shall be construed to deprive Union of jurisdiction over any job over which it otherwise has jurisdiction hereunder.

(h) Disputes Concerning Retraining, Displacement Pay and Negotiation of New Rates

If a dispute arises between Union and Producer with respect to any determination required by subparagraphs (d), (e), (f) or (g) of this Paragraph 78, such dispute shall be subject to the grievance procedure set forth in Article 7 of this Agreement, but any award arising out of such grievance or arbitration shall be limited to the enforcement of the provisions of said subparagraphs hereof and shall not affect Producer's right to make technological changes.

79. Leave of Absence

A regular employee's request for a leave of absence, not to exceed six (6) months, will be given consideration by the Producer. The Producer will not unreasonably refuse to grant such a leave of absence for good cause, provided the employee's services can be reasonably spared. All such leaves of absence will be in writing. No such leave of absence will be extended beyond six (6) months, except for compelling reasons.

79.1 Bereavement Leave

Upon application, a regular employee may obtain leave of absence for bereavement for a period of up to five (5) days, with right of return. This bereavement leave will be without pay; the return provision will apply only to jobs not completed at the time of the end of the leave of absence period. The return of a person from leave of absence for bereavement to the previously-held job (as herein provided) will constitute neither a violation of the seniority provision of Paragraph 68, nor "bumping," irrespective of the relative seniorities of the returning employee and any employee who may have replaced the returning employee during the leave of absence.

80. Bulletin Boards

Producer will make available in an appropriate area in the studio (such as Department Headquarters) a glass-enclosed bulletin board which can be locked. It shall be at least 3 x 2 feet in size. The material posted shall be subject to review by Producer.

81. - 84. No Clauses.

85. Training Program

A program funded by CSATF has been established to train individuals employed under this Agreement.

85.1 Master Technician Study Committee

The parties reaffirm their commitment to the following:

A joint committee shall be established to evaluate the need for Master Technicians. Such Committee shall meet within six months after ratification of this Agreement. In the event it is determined that such employees are needed, the Local Union shall cooperate with CSATF in establishing appropriate training to determine qualification as a Master

Technician. In addition, the Committee shall evaluate whether an individual who receives certification from the Entertainment Technician Certification Program (ETCP) is qualified as a Master Technician.

86. Portrait Gallery

One person is to be employed from either the Electrical Lighting Technicians, Property or Grips work classifications. The choice of such classification is at Producer's discretion. If an Electrical Lighting Technician is selected, his rate shall be not less than that of a Special Lighting Technician/Lighting Board Technician (Occ. Code No. 5431).

87. Cross-Utilization

(a) For purposes of this provision, stage craft department personnel shall include persons working within the job classifications covered by the Local Agreements with Affiliated Property Craftspersons, Local #44; Motion Picture Studio Grips, Local #80; and Studio Electrical Lighting Technicians, Local #728.

(b) (1) In the studio or on nearby locations, for production work only, whenever the number of persons assigned to a production consists of at least two (2) persons employed under each of the Agreements with Property, Local #44 (the Property Master and Assistant Property Master) and Studio Electricians, Local #728 (the Chief Lighting Technician and Assistant Chief Lighting Technician), and three (3) persons employed under the Agreement with Motion Picture Studio Grips, Local #80 (the First Company Grip, Second Company Grip and either another grip or a crafts service employee) (for a total of at least seven (7) stage craft personnel), stage craft department personnel at and below the level of journeyman shall be interchangeable in the performance of their duties. Neither the crane grip, the dolly grip nor the dimmer board operator shall be counted toward the level of staffing required for interchange. Any person employed under the Local #729 Agreement and assigned to such production shall be interchangeable with stage craft department personnel.

(2) On distant locations, whenever the number of persons hired in and transported from Los Angeles County to the distant location shooting site and assigned to the production consists of at least three (3) persons employed under each of the Agreements with Property, Local #44 (the Property Master, the Assistant Property Master and another property person) and Studio Electricians, Local #728 (the Chief Lighting Technician, the Assistant Chief Lighting Technician and another lighting technician), and four (4) persons employed under the Agreement with Motion Picture Studio Grips, Local #80 (the First Company Grip, the

Second Company Grip, and either two (2) other grips or one (1) other grip and one (1) craft service employee) (for a total of at least ten (10) stage craft personnel), stage craft department personnel at and below the level of journeyman assigned to said production will be interchangeable in the performance of their duties. Neither the crane grip, the dolly grip nor the dimmer board operator shall be counted toward the level of staffing required for interchange. Any person employed under the Local #729 Agreement and assigned to such production shall be interchangeable with stage craft department personnel.

(c) A stage craft department employee engaged in the performance of interchangeable work will be supervised in the performance of that work by the appropriate supervisor of work from within that craft or classification.

(d) A stage craft department employee shall not be assigned to perform work which requires special expertise not possessed by that employee.

(e) Work performed in another craft or classification under the concept of interchange shall not be counted toward roster placement in such other craft or classification.

(f) Nothing herein shall affect traditional lines of jurisdiction as between the stage craft Locals as heretofore established by the IATSE.

88. Chief Lighting Technician

With respect to the classification of Chief Lighting Technician, hiring and rehiring shall be at the sole determination of the Producer; provided, however, that:

(a) (1) the Producer shall ascertain from the Local Union the names of those employees who are registered as Chief Lighting Technicians;

(2) Producer shall notify the Local Union of the name of any employee hired as a Chief Lighting Technician;

(3) such employment or assignment shall be in accordance with the provisions of the Industry Experience Roster;

(4) a Chief Lighting Technician not on the Studio Roster of Producer shall not be employed if such employment will displace an employee in a lower classification who possesses Studio Seniority with Producer; and

(5) a person who, with the consent of Producer, elects to take a leave from the employ of Producer to take an assignment or employment as Chief Lighting Technician with another Producer signatory to this Agreement shall retain any rights of preference of employment he had with Producer hereunder at the time he takes such a leave.

(b) Any employee covered by this Agreement who has been employed as an Assistant Chief Lighting Technician for a period of one (1) year or who has been employed as a Chief Lighting Technician on a show of one-half (1/2) hour or more in length or on any feature length film may declare himself a Chief Lighting Technician (hereinafter "CLT") and must be registered at the Union office in order to accept assignment as a CLT.

(c) Once an employee registers as a CLT, said employee must remain in that classification for three (3) months from date of registration.

(d) If the employee elects to relinquish said classification for a classification other than Assistant Chief Lighting Technician (hereinafter "ACLT") during said three (3) month period, said employee may not re-register as a CLT for a period of three (3) months.

(e) Any overlap of assignment exceeding the three (3) month period shall be construed as being part of the preceding three (3) months. No classification downgrading would apply at the end of assignment.

(f) An employee subject to this Agreement who is currently assigned to a production may be temporarily upgraded to the position of CLT on such production without commitment.

(g) In the event that a registered CLT is replaced on a production, the ACLT assigned to that production may be upgraded to the position of CLT on such production without commitment for a period not to exceed thirty (30) calendar days. Upon the expiration of such thirty (30) day period, the ACLT may continue to be employed as the CLT, provided that he registers for the CLT list. At the option of the ACLT, such registration shall be effective retroactive to the first day of the ACLT's assignment as the CLT. If the ACLT chooses not to register as a CLT after such thirty (30) day period, then Producer shall replace the ACLT with a registered CLT.

89. Carry-through

A regular Chief Lighting Technician designated as such by Producer on January 31, 1965, under the Agreement of January 31, 1961, shall personally continue as such as long as he is qualified and available to perform such duties. If for any reason he is terminated, resigns, dies or retires or is not so qualified or available, he shall not be entitled to any such guaranteed employment and Producer shall not be obligated to replace him.

If such person elects to leave the employ of Producer as a Chief Lighting Technician, he shall nevertheless retain his studio seniority in the other job classifications only, under this Agreement, subject to the provisions of Paragraph 68(d).

Chief Lighting Technicians hired by Producer after January 31, 1965 shall not be entitled to any such guaranteed employment.

90. Documentaries and Industrials

The Producer and the Union will endeavor promptly to arrive at an agreement making provision for the problems encountered in producing documentaries, educationals and industrials under this Agreement.

91. Relieving Daily Schedule Employees on Shooting Unit

Daily Schedule employees working with a shooting unit shall not be relieved for the purpose of avoiding overtime. Provided, however, when it is anticipated that the shooting unit will work into Golden Hours, the workday on such shooting unit may be divided into shifts and substitute employees may be called to relieve such employees on such shooting unit, provided such substitute employees are guaranteed a minimum call for work which shall be confined solely to the shooting unit.

92. No Clause.

93. Assignment to Tenant

If the Producer assigns an employee to work for a tenant, the employee will remain on Producer's payroll and continue as Producer's employee except that tenant will be responsible for all breaches of the collective bargaining agreement. If employee is permanently transferred, he will also be transferred to tenant's payroll and tenant will be employer for all purposes. Such a transfer cannot be made unless

employee is advised he is being terminated by Producer. The employee cannot be required to accept such assignments.

94. Wash-up

When a Lighting Technician assigned to “off production” work is directed to report to a production crew, he shall be allowed a reasonable period, not to exceed fifteen (15) minutes, to wash up prior to reporting.

95. Camera Batteries

The handling of camera batteries within the studio zone or on nearby locations shall be Electrical Lighting Technicians’ work, paid for at not less than the Electrical Lighting Technician rate. On distant location, it shall be optional with the Producer whether to employ an Electrical Lighting Technician taken from Los Angeles, California or to engage an electrical lighting technician in the location area.

96. Running Repair Technicians

The work of Running Repair Technicians shall be construed to mean the repair, lubrication and maintenance of all electrical equipment used by Electrical Lighting Technicians (Occ. Code Nos. 5400 through 5451) on all production units, live sets and sound stages at the studio and on such above-described equipment on a location shooting site, but only during the production hours on such shooting site. Provided, however, that the practice of Producer on October 25, 1951 with regard to employing a Running Repair Technician on a location shooting site shall not be changed or affected by this provision.

An Electrical Lighting Technician (Occ. Code Nos. 5400 through 5441) may lubricate lamps or replace fuses in an emergency if, in so doing, he does not displace a Running Repair Technician.

An Electrical Lighting Technician (Occ. Code No. 5451) who is elevated to Special Lighting Technician/Lighting Board Technician (Occ. Code No. 5431) for fixture work on any given day may also do minor running repairs or, conversely, an Electrical Lighting Technician (Occ. Code No. 5451) who is elevated on any one day to Running Repair Technician (Occ. Code No. 5425) may also do minor fixture work on the same day.

It is not the intent of the foregoing to eliminate the assignment of two (2) separate individuals to do such work when the volume of such work requires the assignment of two (2) such individuals.

96.1 Base Camp

The parties confirm that the installation, connection, rigging and striking of power sources from the base camp source to distribution is the work of Studio Electrical Lighting Technicians, Local 728.

97. Job Definitions and Duties

(a) Chief Lighting Technician

On a production, the Chief Lighting Technician shall be responsible for the supervision of the entire lighting crew and the direction of its activities. The Chief Lighting Technician may not displace any lower classification members of the lighting crew, but may assist the crew in its work.

(b) Assistant Chief Lighting Technician

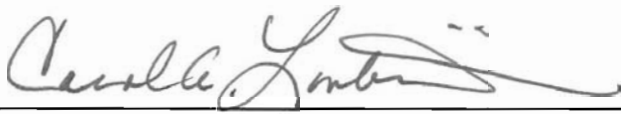
The Assistant Chief Lighting Technician assists the Chief Lighting Technician in the supervision of the entire lighting crew in connection with the servicing and lighting of the set, in addition to other assigned duties.

(c) Chief Rigging Technician and/or Sub-Foreman

The Chief Rigging Technician and/or Sub-Foreman supervises the electrical lighting technicians in connection with the electrical rigging of all sets in addition to other assigned duties.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Agreement to be executed as of the day and year first above written.

FOR THE ALLIANCE OF MOTION PICTURE & TELEVISION PRODUCERS ON BEHALF OF THE COMPANIES LISTED ON EXHIBIT "A" ATTACHED HERETO AND THOSE PRODUCERS WHO HAVE EFFECTIVELY CONSENTED TO BE PART OF THE SAID MULTI-EMPLOYER BARGAINING UNIT

By:  Date: March 15, 2013
Carol A. Lombardini
President, AMPTP

FOR THE INTERNATIONAL ALLIANCE OF THEATRICAL STAGE EMPLOYEES AND MOVING PICTURE TECHNICIANS, ARTISTS AND ALLIED CRAFTS OF THE UNITED STATES, ITS TERRITORIES AND CANADA

By:  Date: 3/1/13
Matthew D. Loeb
International President

**STUDIO ELECTRICAL LIGHTING TECHNICIANS,
LOCAL #728**

By:  Date: 1/30/13

EXHIBIT "A"

Companies Represented by the AMPTP in 2012 IATSE Negotiations

424, Inc.	CBS Studios Inc.
10,000 Day, LLC	Citizen Snow Film Productions, Inc.
12:05 AM Productions, LLC	Columbia Pictures Industries, Inc.
Abominable Pictures, Inc.	Company Inc. Studio & Set Services Inc.
Academy Lighting Consultants, Inc.	Cornerstone Pictures, Inc.
Academy of Motion Picture Arts and Sciences	Corporate Management Solutions, Inc.
AEG Ehrlich Ventures, LLC	Costume Co-Op, LLC
Alcon Entertainment, LLC	CPT Holdings, Inc.
All Axis Inc.	Creative Alliance Productions, LLC
Alpha II Furniture Resources, Inc.	Crescent City Pictures, Inc.
Alternative Metal Supply Studio Division, Inc. (formerly S & L Tramondo)	Crowned Productions, Inc.
Artina Films LLC	Custom Film Effects, Inc.
Ascension Films, Inc.	DADCO LLC
Atlantic Pictures, LLC	Danetracks, Inc.
Bad Wolf Productions, LLC	Dark Circle Productions, LLC
Beachwood Services Inc.	Dark Hearts LLC
Big Beach, LLC	Dartmoor Productions, LLC
Bill Melendez Productions, Inc.	Dean River Productions, Inc.
Bonanza Productions Inc.	Deluxe Laboratories, Inc.
BrentSpector/USA, Inc.	dick clark productions, inc.
Bright Pictures, Inc.	Digital 360 Productions, Inc.
Bristol Bay Productions LLC	Digital 49 Productions, Inc.
BTW Productions, Inc.	Digital Cinema, LLC
Calabasas Camera Inc.	Digital Icon Group, Inc.
CaliYork Productions, Inc.	Dimension Sound, Inc.
Capital Concerts Inc.	DJ Audio, Inc.
Cartoon Network Studios, Inc.	Downtown Reel Production, Inc.
Cast & Crew Production Payroll, LLC	Dragon Eyes Productions, LLC
Castle Rock Pictures, Inc.	DreamWorks Post Production LLC
CBS Films Inc.	Duly Noted Inc.
	Dungeons & Dragons 3 Productions, LLC

DW Dramatic Television LLC
DW SKG TV LLC
DW Studios Productions LLC

Ease Entertainment Services,
L.L.C.

Eden Productions LLC
El Gringo Productions LLC
ELX & Associates, LLC
Emcel Inc
Emkar Productions, Inc.
EPSG Management Services
Europa Ventures, LLC
Evans/McNamara
Evolve Post LLC
Eye Productions Inc.

Family Productions, Inc.
Fantasy II Film Effects, Inc.
Favian Wigs Inc.
Film 49 Productions, Inc.
Film Payment Services, Inc.
Film Solutions, LLC
Films In Motion, LLC
Final Stretch Productions, Inc.
Flypaper Productions, LLC
Focus Features Productions LLC
FRB Productions, Inc.
Freedom Films Productions, LLC
FTP Productions, LLC
Funny Business, Inc.

Garrett Musical Services Inc.
Gigeng Productions Inc.
Gilbert Films Inc.
GK Pictures Group, LLC
GMayTV, LLC
Gone Fission, Inc.
Grant McCune Design, Inc.
Grass Skirt Digital Productions,
Inc.
Greenco Studio Rentals Inc.
Green Set Inc.

Hollywood Camera Inc.
Horizon Scripted Television, Inc.
Hostage Productions, Inc.
House of Props Inc.

I Like Pie, Inc.
Independent Studio Services,
LLC (f/k/a Granada US
Productions, Inc.)
Indieproduction, LLC
Inferno Distribution, LLC
ITV US Productions, Inc.

J.C. Backings Corporation
Jeff Margolis Productions
J-Mac Music, Inc.

Keep Your Head Film and
Television Productions, LLC
Ken Ehrlich Productions, Inc.
Kestrel Films LLC

Lakeshore Entertainment Group
LLC
The Ledge Productions, LLC
Legendary Pictures Productions,
LLC
Lions Gate Productions
Liquid Music, Inc.
Lorien Productions, LLC

M.E. & Me Costumes, Inc.
dba: Bill Hargate Costumes
Magic Island Productions, Inc.
Mandate Productions, LLC
Manhattan Place Entertainment,
Inc.
Marilyn J. Madsen
Martin Scorsese Presents, Inc.
Marvel Film Productions, LLC
Marvel Picture Works, LLC
Marvin Music Co., Inc.
Max Ave. Productions, LLC

MCPA - Multicultural
 Community Production Assoc.
 Men's Central, LLC
 Merchant Films, LLC
 Metro Goldwyn Mayer Pictures
 Inc.
 MFV Productions LLC
 MGM Television Entertainment
 Inc.
 MGP Productions, LLC
 MicDi Productions, Inc
 Minassian Productions Inc.
 Monarch Consulting, Inc. dba
 PAEINC
 Monet Lane Prod., Inc.
 Motion Picture Costume
 Company
 Mountainair Films, Inc.

 Nala Productions, LLC
 Never Back Down II
 Productions, LLC
 New Line Productions, Inc.
 New Regency Productions, Inc.

 O D Music, Inc.
 Office Seekers Productions, LLC
 Omega Cinema Props
 On Air Designs LLC
 Open 4 Business Productions
 LLC
 Overture Enterprises, Inc.

 Pacific 2.1 Entertainment Group,
 Inc.
 Paige Productions, Inc.
 Paramount Pictures Corporation
 Perdido Productions, Inc.
 Phasmatrope Studios LLC
 Philly Kid Productions, LLC
 Pierpoline Films, Inc.
 Product Entertainment, Inc

 Quantum Payroll Services, Inc.

 Ralston Lapp Media, LLC
 Rattling Stick, Inc.
 Reel Greens Inc.
 Relativity Films, LLC
 Resinous Music, Inc.
 Reunion Design Services Inc.
 RH Factor, Inc.
 Rhomboid Music, Inc.
 RKR Media, Inc.
 Road Trip Films, Inc.
 Rocart, Inc.
 Rockstar Films, LLC
 Rogue Films Ltd
 Royce Productions Inc.
 RR Movie Makers, LLC

 San Francisco Symphony
 SciWest Productions, LLC
 Screen Gems Productions, Inc.
 Shademaker Productions, Inc.
 Shangri-La Entertainment, LLC
 Should've Been Romeo, Inc.
 Sight & Sound Production
 Services, Inc.
 Singing Bee Enterprises, Inc.
 Singularity Creative LLC
 Sixteenth Moon Productions,
 LLC
 SKE Productions, LLC
 Sneak Preview Productions, Inc.
 Sons and Daughters Productions
 Inc.
 Sony Pictures Studios, Inc.
 Sound Lounge LLC
 Sound One, Inc
 Source Code Production LLC
 Spitfire Productions, LLC
 Stage 6 Films, Inc.
 Stash House Productions, LLC
 St. Patrick's Day Productions,
 LLC
 Storybook Productions Inc.
 Stu Segall Productions, Inc.

Studio Art & Technology Inc.
Sunny Television Productions,
Inc.

Take 1 Motion Picture Plant
Rentals, Inc.
Todd Cassetty Welding Service,
Inc.

To Have And To Hold LLC

Tom T. Animation, Inc.

Touchstone Television
Productions, LLC

dba ABC Studios

Transit Productions, LLC

Turner Films, Inc. dba Turner
Television

TVM Productions, Inc.

Twentieth Century Fox Film
Corporation

Twenty One and Over
Productions, Inc.

UA Productions Inc.

Unisol 4 Productions, LLC

Unit One, Inc.

Universal Animation Studios
LLC

Universal City Studios LLC

Universal Network Television
LLC

Universal Payment Services, Inc.

Untitled, Inc.

Upload Films Inc.

Vendome Productions LLC

Vicangelo Films, Inc

Vincent Productions, LLC

Walden Media Productions LLC

Walt Disney Pictures

Warner Bros. Advanced Media
Services Inc. (except IATSE
Local #683)

Warner Bros. Pictures

Warner Bros. Studio Facilities

Warner Bros. Television

Warner Specialty Productions
Inc.

Warner Specialty Video
Productions Inc.

Wayfare Entertainment Ventures,
LLC

Web Therapy, LLC

Weisman Video Production Inc.

Welcome to People Productions,
LLC

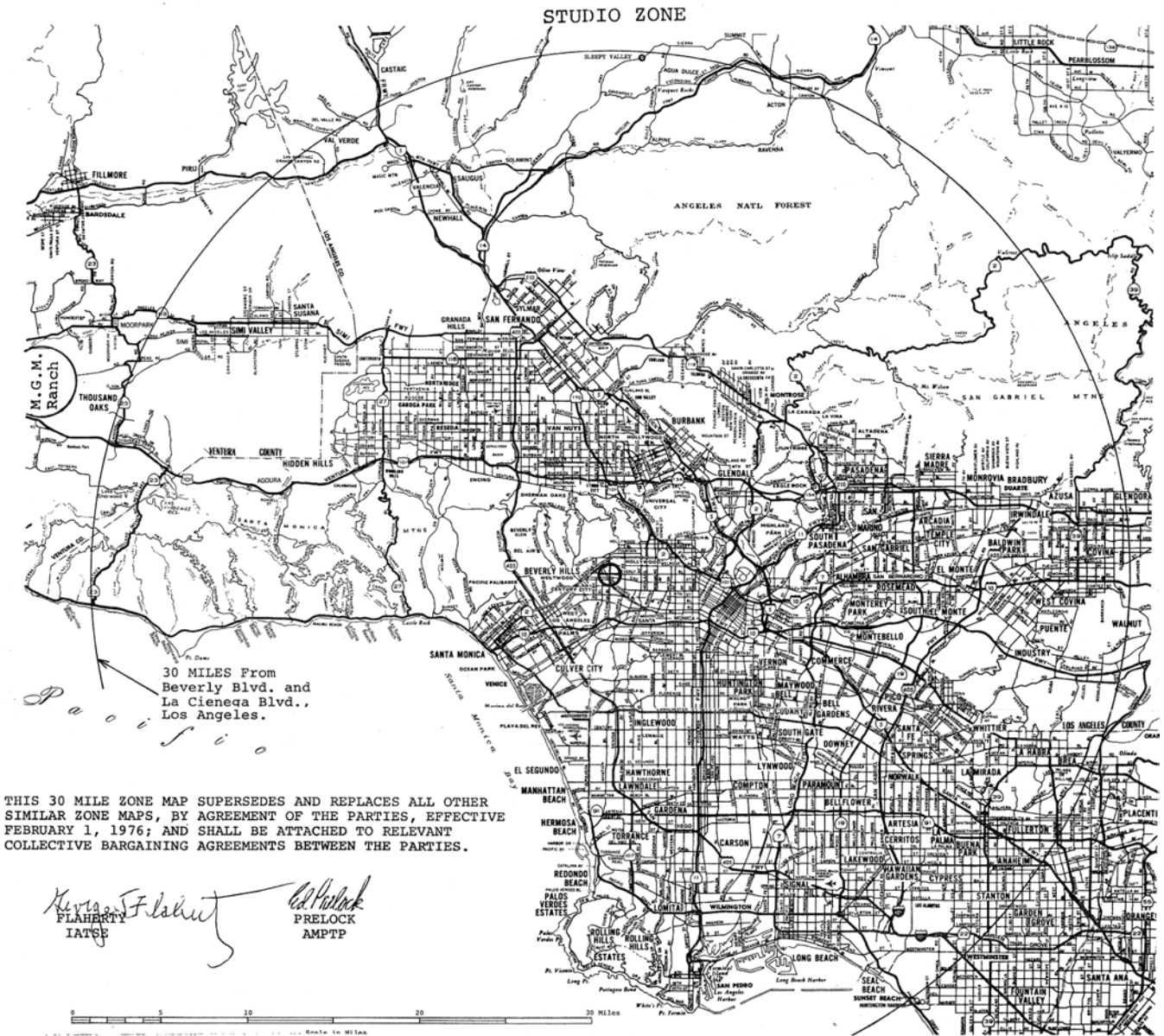
Westwind Studios, LLC

Wildfire Studios, LLC

Wilfred Productions Inc.

Wings Wildlife Productions, Inc.

EXHIBIT "Z" – STUDIO ZONE MAP



Studio Zone Defined - The Studio Zone shall be the area within a circle 30 miles in radius from Beverly Blvd. and La Cienega Blvd., Los Angeles, California and includes Agua Dulce, Castaic (including Lake Castaic), Leo Carillo State Beach, Ontario International Airport, Piru and Pomona (including the Los Angeles County Fair Grounds). The Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer, Inc. Conejo Ranch property shall be considered as within the Studio Zone.

(Circle drawn by AMPTP Research Center)

EXHIBIT "Z"